

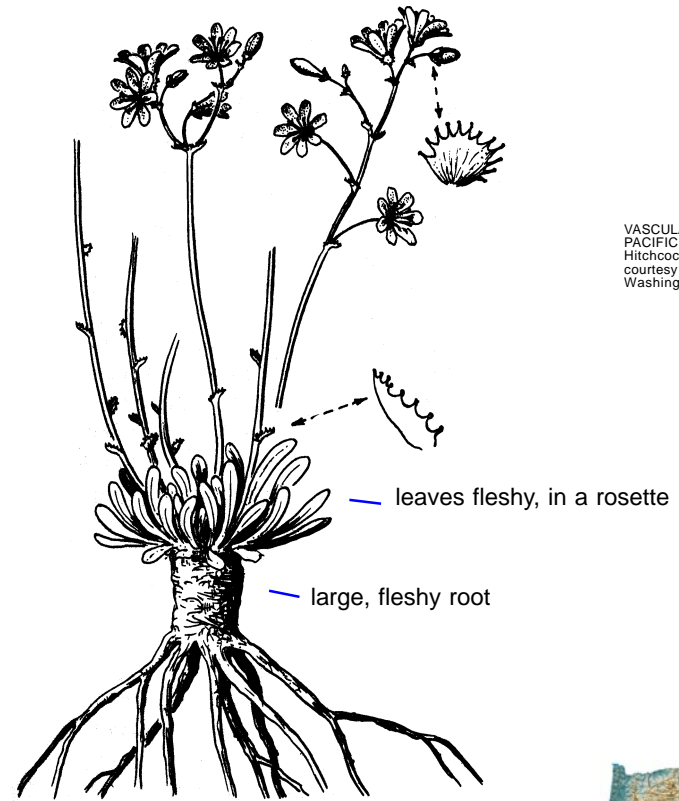
***Lewisia columbiana*
var. *rupicola***

Portulacaceae
rosy lewisia

Gerald D. Carr



Gerald D. Carr



VASCULAR PLANTS OF THE
PACIFIC NORTHWEST (1964)
Hitchcock & Cronquist,
courtesy of University of
Washington Press.



high peaks of northern coast range



Kenton Chambers

Succulent perennial herb from a large, fleshy root and usually an unbranched caudex. **Flowering stems** usually several, (5)10-30 cm tall, generally with several entire to glandular-dentate bracts; lowest bracts of the stems serrulate, usually glandular. **Leaves** in a basal rosette, numerous, linear-oblancoelate to narrowly spatulate, acute to rounded, 2-10 cm long, 3-8 mm broad. **Inflorescence** a many-flowered panicle with glandular-dentate bracts; sepals 2, glandular-dentate, 1.5-2(3) mm long. **Flowers** several; petals 7-9(11), from nearly white with pink venation to magenta-rose, 5-13 mm long; stamens 5-6. **Capsule** ca. twice the length of the calyx; seeds mostly 3(1-5), deep brownish-red (nearly black), shining, apparently smooth but very inconspicuously warty, 1.5-2 mm long.

best survey times
J|F|M|A|M|J|J|A|S|O|N|D

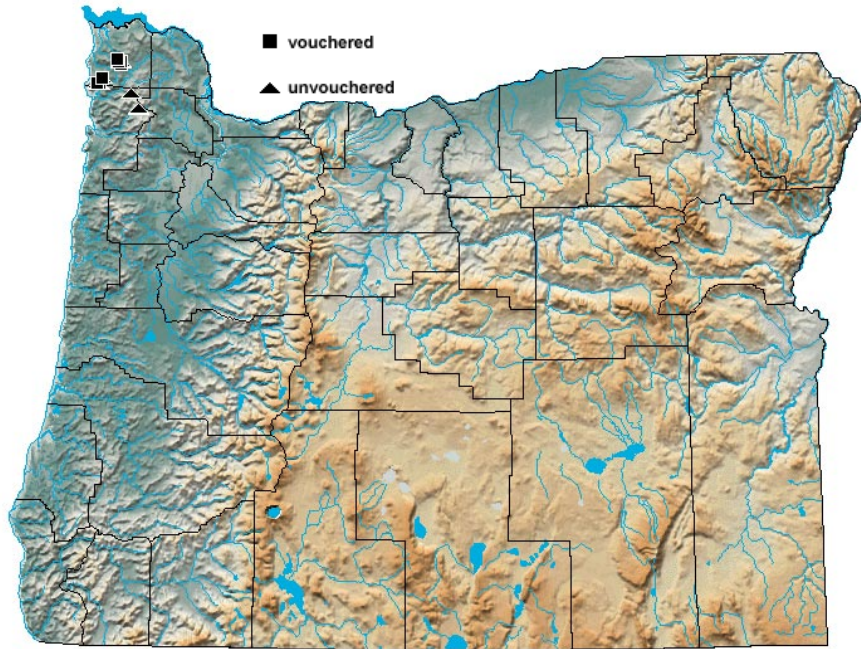


***Lewisia columbiana* (Howell ex A. Gray) B.L. Rob.
var. *rupicola* (English) C.L. Hitchc.**

rosy lewisia

PLANTS symbol: LECOR2

August 2019 status ORBIC: List 2



Distribution: High peaks in Coast Range; Olympic Mountains and Cascades of Washington.

Habitat: Open, rocky places, talus, grassy balds, rocky ridges on high Coast Range peaks.

Elevation: 2400-3300 feet

Best survey time(in flower): May-July

