

Panorama
Arboretum

Trees & Shrubs



Revised April 2018

Panorama
The Northwest Retirement Lifestyle

1751 Circle Lane SE • Lacey WA 98503
www.panorama.org • 800-999-9807

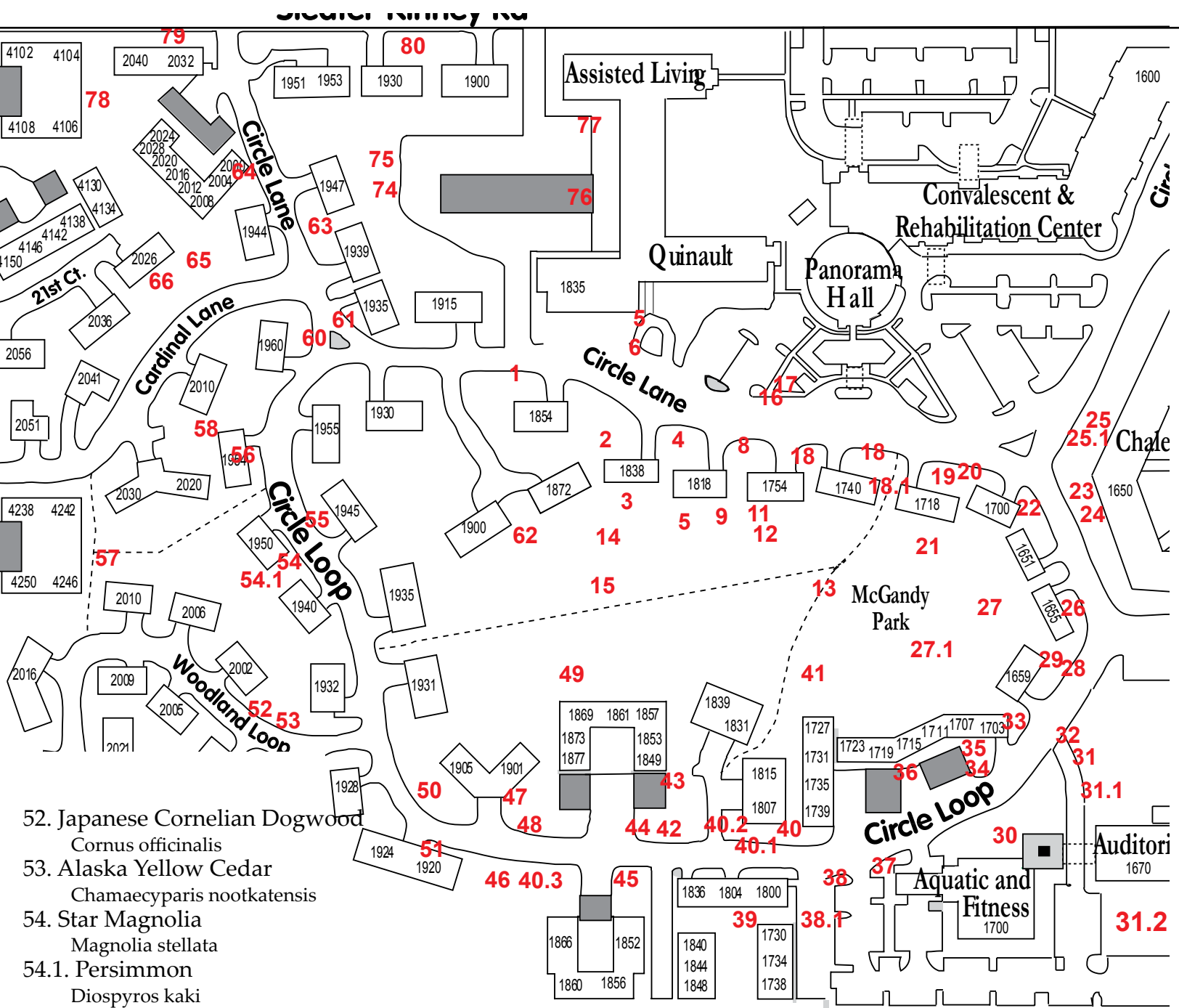


1. Persian Ironwood
Parrotia persica
2. Galaxy Magnolia
Magnolia sprengeri x liliiflora
3. Wolf Eye Dogwood
Cornus kousa 'Wolf Eyes'
4. China Fir
Cunninghamia lanceolata
5. American Yellow Wood
Cladrastis lutea
6. Korean Dogwood
Cornus kousa
8. Tulip Tree
Liriodendron tulipifera
9. Insence Cedar
Calocedrus decurrens
11. Harp Strings Maple
Acer palmatum 'Koto No Ito'
12. Tricolor Beech
Fagus sylvatica 'Tricolor'
13. Elizabeth Magnolia
Magnolia acuminata x denudata
14. Dove Tree
Davidia involucreta
15. Golden Fullmoon Maple
Acer shirasawanum 'Aureum'
16. Katsura
Cercidiphyllum japonicum
17. Flowering Pear
Pyrus calleryana
18. Colorado Blue Spruce
Picea pungens glauca
- 18.1. Red Leaf Cherry
Prunus serrulata
'Royal Burgundy'
19. **Vine Maple**
Acer circinatum
20. **Noble Fir**
Abies procera glauca
21. Kwanzan Flowering Cherry
Prunus serrulata 'Sekiyama'
22. Vulcan Magnolia
Magnolia (campbellii x liliiflora)
23. Atlas Cedar
Cedrus atlantica 'Glauc'
24. Flowering Cherry
Prunus serrulata cv
25. Deodar Cedar
Cedrus deodara
- 25.1. Harlequin Glorybower
Clerodendrum trichotomum
26. Gold Star Dogwood
Cornus kousa 'Gold Star'
27. Kobushi Magnolia
Magnolia kobus
- 27.1. American Yellowwood
Cladrastis leutea
28. English Holly
Ilex aquifolium
29. Dawn Redwood
Metasequoia glyptostroboides
30. Stellar Pink Dogwood
Cornus x rutgersensis 'Rutgan'
31. **Western Red Cedar**
Thuja plicata



With a natural range of only two acres, Franklin Tree (#71) is America's rarest native tree. Discovered in Georgia in 1765, it has not been seen in the wild since 1803. See it in bloom September-November.

- 31.1. Sargent Cherry
Prunus sargentii columnaris
- 31.2. Variegated Giant Dogwood
Cornus controversa 'Variegata'
32. Copper Beech
Fagus sylvatica 'Purpurea'
33. Saucer Magnolia
Magnolia x soulangiana
34. Pin Oak
Quercus palustris
35. False Cypress
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana var.
36. Hinoki Cypress
Chamaecyparis obtusa
37. Bowhall Maple
Acer rubrum 'Bowhall'
- 37.1. Lombardy Poplar
Populus nigra 'Italica'
38. Crimson King Maple
Acer platanoides 'Crimson King'
- 38.1. Allegheny Serviceberry
Amelanchier laevis
39. Fig
Ficus carica
40. Bloodgood Maple
Acer palmatum 'Bloodgood'
- 40.1. Weeping White Spruce
Picea glauca 'Pendula'
- 40.2. Pillar Crabapple
Malus tschonoskii
- 40.3. Fragrant Snowbell
Styrax obassia
41. Concolor Fir
Abies concolor
42. False Cypress
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana var.
43. European Mountain Ash
Sorbus aucuparia
44. European Birch
Betula pendula
45. **Pacific Dogwood**
Cornus nutalli
46. **Douglas Fir**
Pseudotsuga menziesii
47. Sawara Cedar
Chamaecyparis pisifera
48. Tupelo
Nyssa sylvatica
49. Tall Stewartia
Stewartia monadelphica
50. Serbian Spruce
Picea omorika
51. Seven Son Tree
Heptacodium miconioides



- 52. Japanese Cornelian Dogwood
Cornus officinalis
- 53. Alaska Yellow Cedar
Chamaecyparis nootkatensis
- 54. Star Magnolia
Magnolia stellata
- 54.1. Persimmon
Diospyros kaki
- 55. Eastern Redbud
Cercis canadensis 'Forest Pansy'
- 56. Southern Magnolia
Magnolia grandiflora
- 57. Himalayan White Pine
Pinus wallichiana
- 58. Lodgepole Pine
Pinus contorta latifolia
- 59. Mt Fuji Flowering Cherry
Prunus serrulata 'Shirotae'
- 60. Swiss Mountain Pine
Pinus mugo
- 61. Red Oak
Quercus rubra
- 62. Golden Port Orford Cypress
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana cv

- 63. Dutch Elm
Ulmus x hollandica
- 64. Basswood
Tilia cordata
- 65. Sweetbay Magnolia
Magnolia virginiana 'Moonglow'
- 66. Bigleaf Maple
Acer macrophyllum
- 69. Oregon Myrtlewood
Umbellularia californica
- 70. Red Tip Photinia
Photinia x fraseri
- 71. Franklin Tree
Franklinia alatamaha

- 37.1
- 74. English Laurel
Prunus laurocerasus
- 75. Portugese Laurel
Prunus lusitanica
- 76. Amur Maple
Acer ginnala
- 77. Sitka Spruce
Picea sitchensis
- 78. Chokecherry
Prunus virginiana 'Canada Red'
- 79. Sequoia
Sequoiadendron giganteum
- 80. Sunsatation Magnolia
M. acuminata x denudata

1. **Crimson King Maple**
Acer platanoides 'Crimson King'
2. **Eastern Redbud**
Cercis canadensis 'Forest Pansy'
3. **Sawleaf Zelkovia**
Zelkovia serrata 'Green Vase'
4. **Norway Maple**
Acer platanoides
5. **Hedge Maple**
Acer campestre
6. **English Hawthorn**
Crataegus laevigata
7. **Scotch Pine**
Pinus sylvestris
8. **Sweet Cherry**
Prunus avium
9. **Pin Oak**
Quercus palustris
10. **Saucer Magnolia**
Magnolia x soulangiana
11. **Eastern White Pine**
Pinus strobus
12. **Sourwood**
Oxydendrum arborium

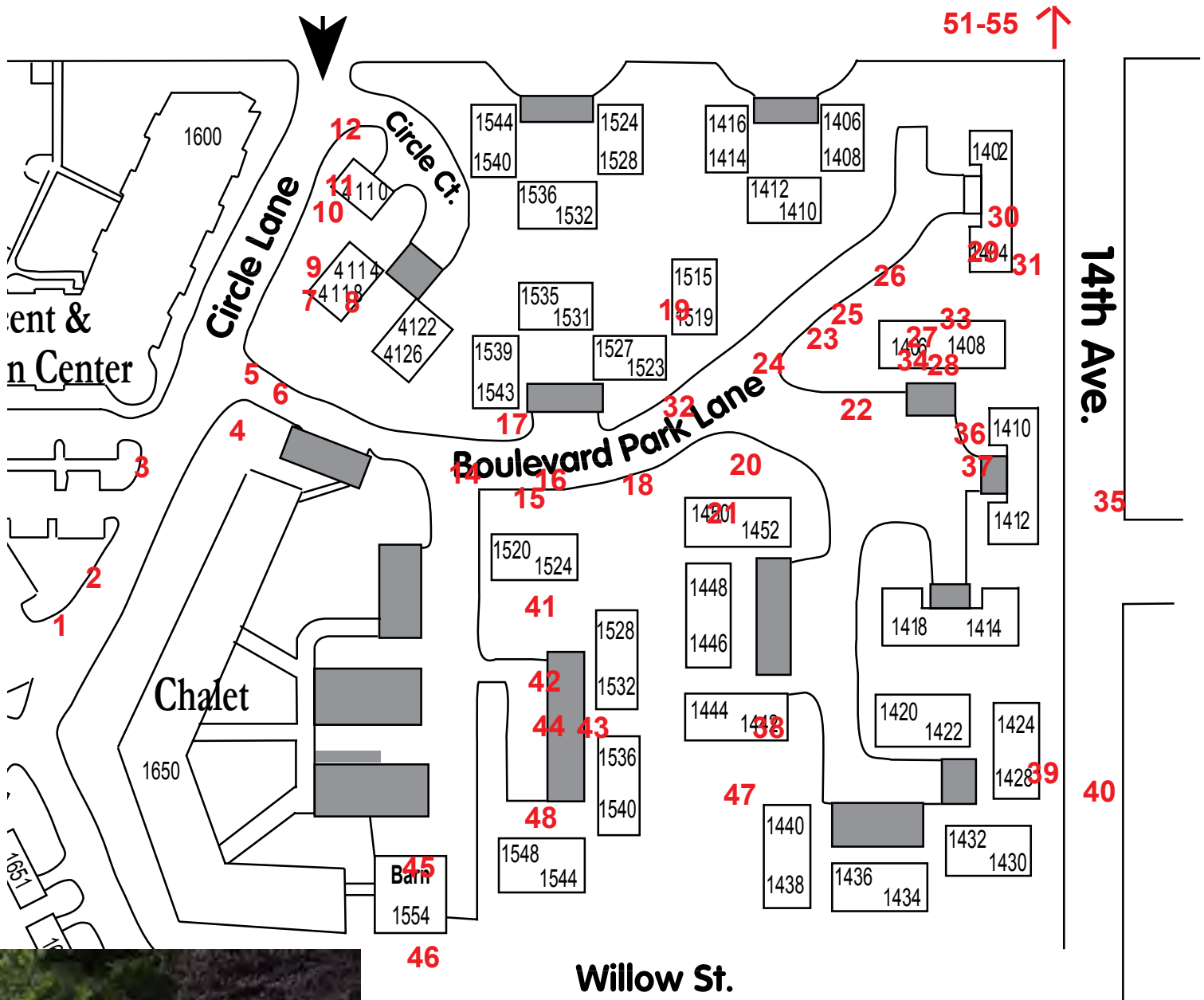


Alaska Yellow Cedar grows from western Washington to Alaska. 'Pendula' is the most popular garden form.

14. **Thundercloud Plum**
Prunus cerasifera 'Thundercloud'
15. **Incense Cedar**
Calocedrus decurrens
16. **Golden Spirit Smoke Tree**
Cotinus coggygria 'Ancot'
17. **Weeping Cherry**
Prunus subhirtella 'Pendula'
18. **Norway Spruce**
Picea abies
19. **White Spruce**
Picea glauca
20. **Deodar Cedar**
Cedrus deodara
21. **Limber Pine**
Pinus flexilis 'Vanderwolfe's Pyramid'
22. **Common Catalpa**
Catalpa bignonioides
23. **Himalayan Paper Birch**
Betula jacquemontii
24. **Austrian Black Pine**
Pinus nigra
25. **Weeping Alaska Cedar**
Chamaecyparis nootkatensis 'Pendula'
26. **Katsura**
Cercidiphyllum japonicum
27. **Swiss Mountain Pine**
Pinus mugo
28. **Japanese Stewartia**
Stewartia pseudocamillia
29. **Vine Maple**
Acer circinatum
30. **Flowering Crabapple**
Malus sp
31. **Red Japanese Maple**
Acer palmatum 'Atropurpureum'
32. **Colorado Blue Spruce**
Picea pungens glauca
33. **Snowbell**
Styrax japonicus
- 33.1. **Yellow Magnolia**
Magnolia acuminata x denudata
34. **Shore Pine**
Pinus contorta contorta
35. **Silver Linden**
Tillia tomentosa
36. **Southern Magnolia**
Magnolia grandiflora

37. **Mountain Ash**
Sorbus aucuparia
 38. **Noble Fir**
Abies procera
 39. **Sequoia**
Sequoiadendron giganteum
 40. **Blue Cypress**
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana var.
 41. **Quaking Aspen**
Populus tremuloides
 42. **Hinoki Cypress**
Chamaecyparis obtusa
 43. **Japanese Tree Lilac**
Syringa reticulata
 44. **European Hornbeam**
Carpinus betulus 'Fastigata'
 45. **Ginkgo**
Ginkgo biloba
 46. **English Walnut**
Juglans regia
 47. **Pink Star Magnolia**
Magnolia stelata 'Rosea'
 48. **Cascara Sagrada**
Rhamnus purshiana
- North of the Clinic look for these interesting trees:*
51. **Japanese Cedar**
Cryptomeria japonica
 52. **Black Locust**
Robinia pseudoacacia
 53. **Bald Cypress**
Taxodium distichum
 54. **Atlas Cedar**
Cedrus atlantica 'Glauca'
 55. **Ponderosa Pine**
Pinus ponderosa





Willow St.



Zelkova (#3) looks like, and is closely related to, the American Elm - yet it is nearly immune to Dutch elm disease.

Sourwood (#12) is a popular and distinctive small tree. The white flowers appear late in the year, sometimes coinciding with red leaves in the fall.

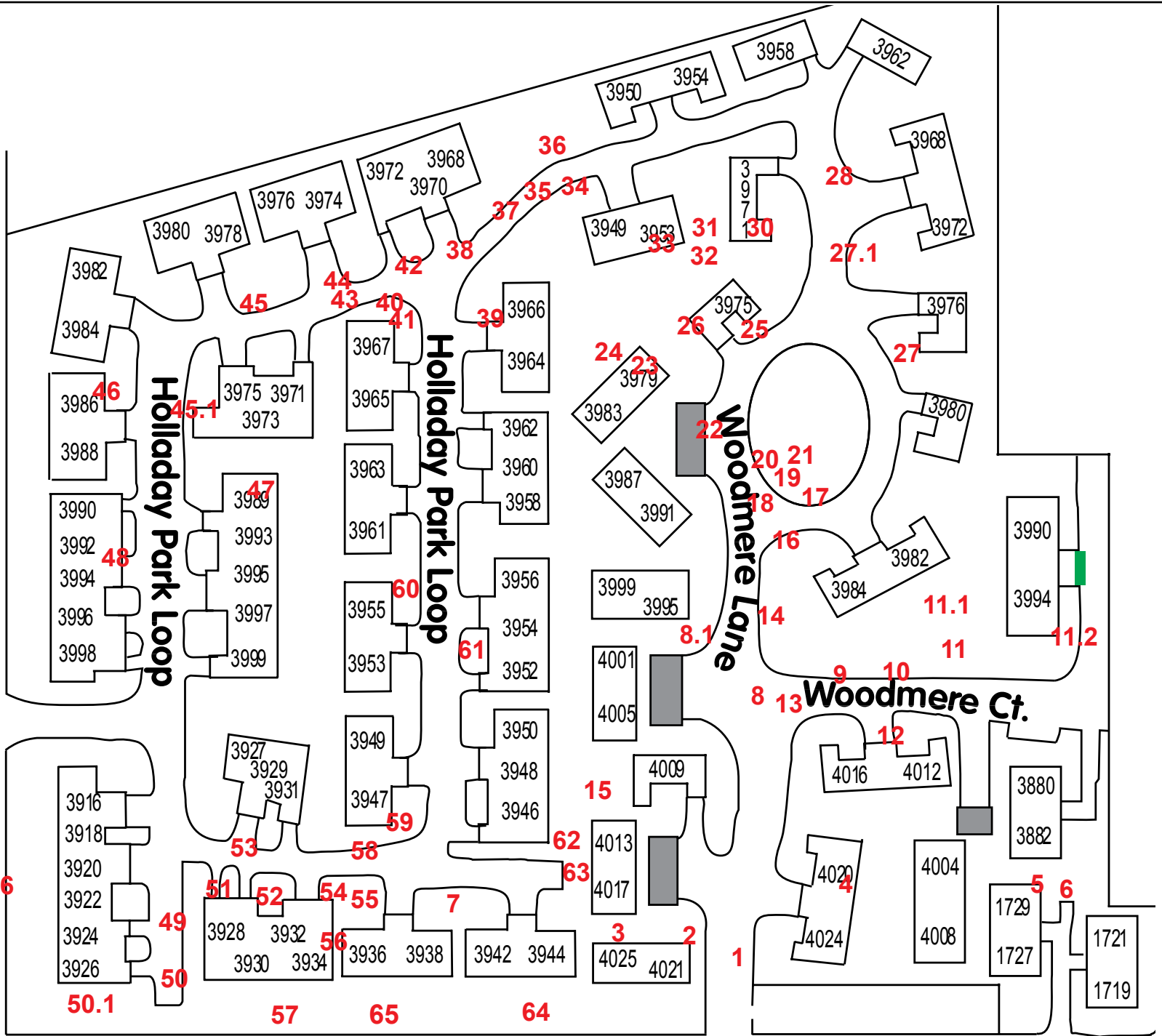


1. Emerald Arborvitae
Thuja occidentalis 'Smaragd'
2. Persian Ironwood
Parrotia persica
3. Mexican Orange
Choisya ternata
4. Japanese White Pine
Pinus parviflora 'Glauca'
5. Twisted White Pine
Pinus strobus 'Torulosa'
6. Golden Weeping Willow
Salix x sepulcralis 'Chrysocoma'
7. Plume Cedar
Cryptomeria japonica 'Elegans'
8. Japanese Silver Fir
Abies vietchii
- 8.1. Fragrant Snowbell
Styrax obassia
9. Korean Dogwood
Cornus kousa
10. Pink Dogwood
Cornus florida rubra
11. Crimson King Maple
Acer platanoides 'Crimson King'
- 11.1. Green Giant Cedar
Thuja standishii x plicata
- 11.2. Crimson Sunset Maple
Acer truncatum x platanoides
12. Ginkgo
Ginkgo biloba
13. Lacebark Pine
Pinus bungeana
14. Dawn Redwood
Metasequoia glyptostroboides



Windmill Palm (#54) is one of two palms hardy enough for this climate.

15. Noble Fir
Abies procera
16. Deodar Cedar
Cedrus deodara
17. Douglas Fir
Pseudotsuga menziesii
18. Thundercloud Plum
Prunus cerasifera
19. Austrian Black Pine
Pinus nigra
20. Pee Gee Hydrangea
Hydrangea paniculata 'Grandiflora'
21. Strawberry Tree
Arbutus unido
22. Empress Tree
Paulownia tomentosa
23. European Birch
Betula pendula
24. Caucasian Fir
Abies nordmaniana
25. Bloodgood Japanese Maple
Acer palmatum 'Bloodgood'
26. American Sweet Gum
Liquidambar styraciflua
27. Atlas Cedar
Cedrus atlantica
- 27.1. Banana Shrub
Michalea figo var. crassipes
28. Amur Maple
Acer ginnala
30. Red Japanese Maple
Acer palmatum atropurpureum
31. Weeping Katsura
Cercidiphyllum japonicum
'Pendulum'
32. Radiant Rose Dogwood
Cornus kousa 'Harnos'
33. Colorado Blue Spruce
Picea pungens glauca
34. Serbian Spruce
Picea omorika
35. Cutleaf Alder
Alnus glutinosa 'Laciniata'
36. Vine Maple
Acer circinatum
37. Redosier Dogwood
Cornus sericea
also variety 'Flaviramea'
38. Snowbell
Styrax japonicus
39. Bowhall Maple
Acer rubrum 'Bowhall'
40. Sawleaf Zelkovia
Zelkovia serrata 'Green Vase'
41. Wada's Memory Magnolia
Magnolia x kewensis
42. Paperbark Maple
Acer griseum
43. Eastern White Pine
Pinus strobus
44. Galaxy Magnolia
Magnolia 'Galaxy'
45. American Paper Birch
Betula papyrifera
- 45.1. Pink Snowbell
Styrax japonicus 'Pink Chimes'
46. Leyland Cypress
x Cupressocyparis leylandi
47. Washington Hawthorn
Crataegus phaenopyrum
48. Eastern Hemlock
Tsuga canadensis
49. Katsura
Cercidiphyllum japonicum
50. Blireana Plum
Prunus x blireana
- 50.1. Vine Maple
Acer circinatum 'Pacific Fire'
51. Crabapple
Malus 'Dolgo'
52. Golden Raindrops Crabapple
Malus transitoria 'Schmidtcutleaf'
53. Japanese Tree Lilac
Syringa reticulata
54. Windmill Palm
Trachycarpus fortunei
55. Pin Oak
Quercus palustris
56. Purple Birch
Betula pendula 'Purpurea'
57. Spanish Fir
Abies pinsapo 'Glauca'
58. European Hornbeam
Carpinus betulus 'Fastigata'
59. Bigleaf Maple
Acer macrophyllum
60. Pink Oriental Dogwood
Cornus kousa 'Satomi'
61. Green Ash
Fraxinus pennsylvanica
62. Himalayan Paper Birch
Betula jacquemontii



Sleater-Kinney Park

- 63. Oyama Magnolia
Magnolia seiboldii
- 64. Japanese Snowball
Viburnum plicatum f. plicatum
- 65. Crabapple
Malus 'Prairifire'
- 66. Milky Way Dogwood
Cornus kousa var. chinensis 'Milky Way'

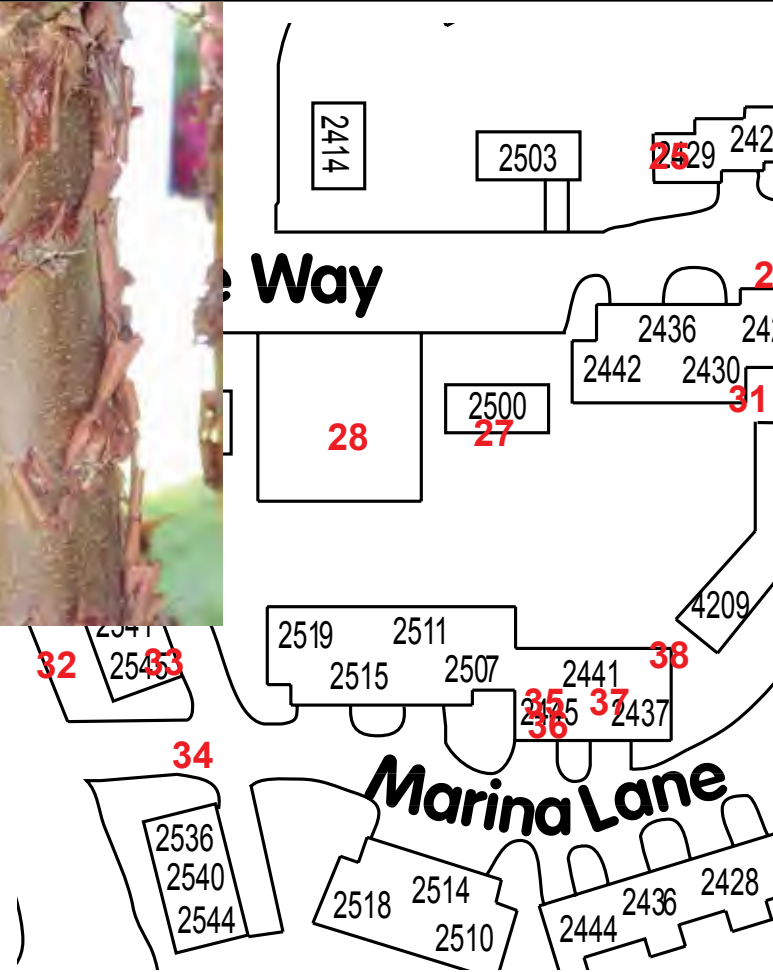
Bigleaf Maple (#59) was named for the obvious reason. Its leaves can measure 18 inches across, the largest of any maple.



1. Alpine Fir
Abies lasiocarpa
2. Bald Cypress
Taxodium distichum
3. Flowering Cherry
Prunus serrulata
4. Atlas Cedar
Cedrus atlantica
- 4.1. Harlequin Maple
Acer platanoides 'Drummondii'
5. Incense Cedar
Calocedrus decurrens
6. Dwarf Alberta Spruce
Picea glauca 'conica'
7. White Redbud
Cercis canadensis 'Royal White'
8. Paperbark Maple
Acer griseum
9. Deodar Cedar
Cedrus deodara
10. Red Maple
Acer x freemanii
11. **Bigleaf Maple**
Acer macrophyllum
- 11.1. Variegated Giant Dogwood
Cornus controversa 'Variegata'
12. Saucer Magnolia
Magnolia x soulangiana
13. European Hornbeam
Carpinus betulus 'Fastigata'
14. Sequoia
Sequoiadendron giganteum
15. Weeping Pussywillow
Salix caprea 'Pendula'
16. Red Japanese Maple
Acer palmatum atropurpureum
17. Pink Dogwood
Cornus florida rubra
18. Ginkgo
Ginkgo biloba 'Mariken'
19. Norway Spruce
Picea abies
20. Crimson King Maple
Acer platanoides 'Crimson King'
21. Mountain Ash
Sorbus aucuparia
22. Weeping Cherry
Prunus subhirtella 'Pendula'

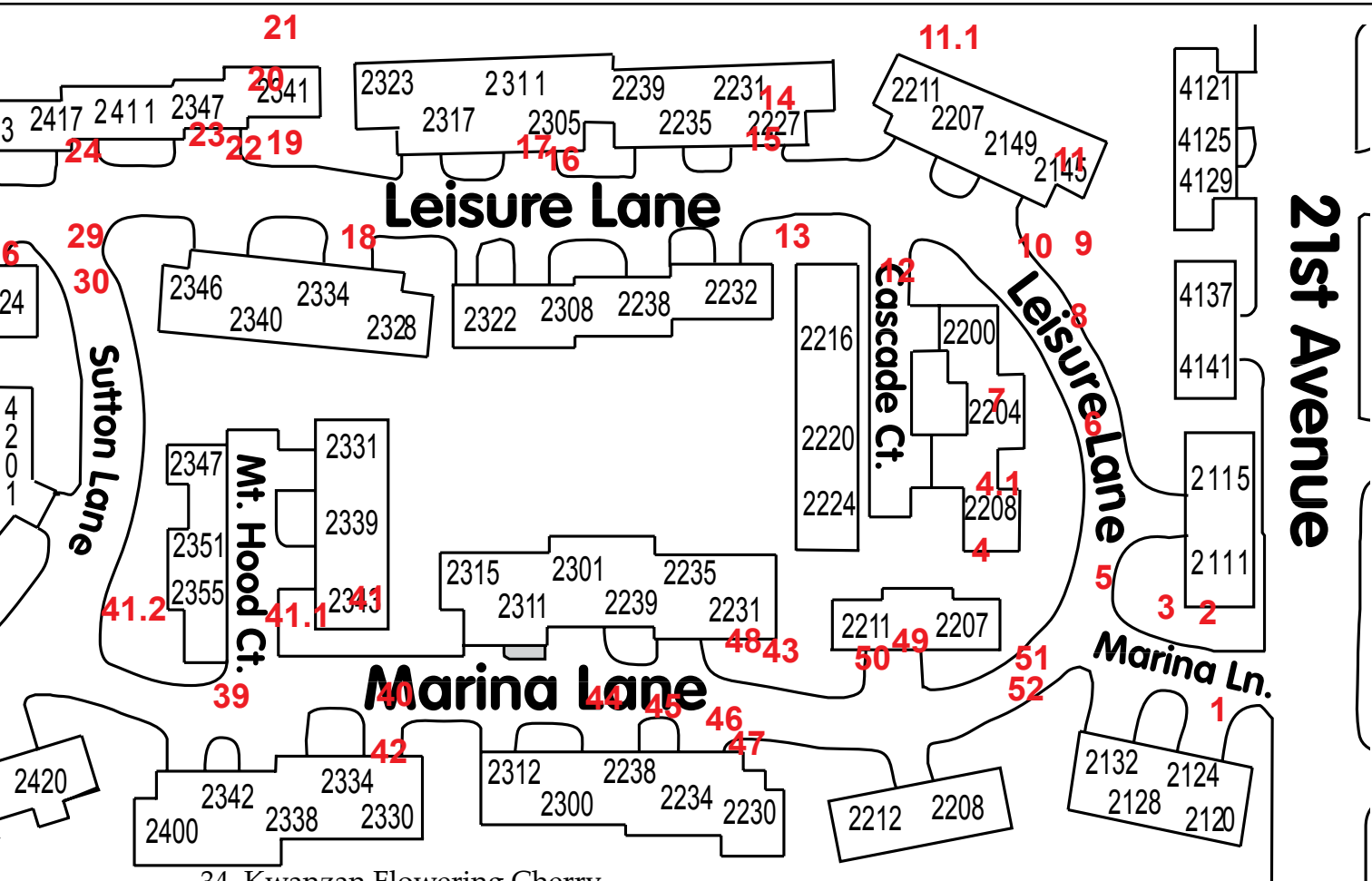


A tree's bark can be the most interesting feature, as in this Paperbark Maple (#8).



23. Eastern White Pine
Pinus strobus
24. Winter Cherry
Prunus subhirtella 'Autumnalis'
25. **Douglas Fir**
Pseudotsuga menziesii
26. Goldenchain Tree
Laburnum x watereri
27. Pink Hawthorne
Crataegus laevigata 'Punicea'
28. Zebra Pine
Pinus wallichiana 'Zebrina'
29. Japanese Maple
Acer palmatum var.
30. Monkey Puzzle Tree
Araucaria araucana
31. Colorado Blue Spruce
Picea pungens glauca
32. Pink Chinese Dogwood
Cornus kousa 'Beni Fuji'
33. Crape Myrtle
Lagerstroemia indica





- 34. Kwanzan Flowering Cherry
Prunus serulata 'Sekiyama'
- 35. Variegated English Holly
Ilex aquifolium 'Argenteo-marginata'
- 36. Weeping Spruce
Picea abies 'Pendula'
- 37. China Fir
Cunninghamia lanceolata
- 38. Bur Oak?
Quercus macrocarpa
- 39. Moss Falsecypress
Chamaecyparis pisifera 'Boulevard'
- 40. Red Horsechestnut
Aesculus x carnea
- 41. Ginkgo
Ginkgo biloba
- 41.1 **Weeping Alaska Cedar**
Chamaecyparis nootkatensis 'Green Arrow'
- 41.2 Persian Ironwood
Parrotia persica 'Ruby Vase'
- 42. False Cypress
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana var.

- 43. Sourwood
Oxydendrum arborium
- 44. Amur Maple
Acer ginnala
- 45. Coral Bark Maple
Acer palmatum 'Sango Kaku'
- 46. Star Magnolia
Magnolia stellata
- 47. **Grand Fir**
Abies grandis
- 48. European Birch
Betula pendula
- 49. Southern Magnolia
Magnolia grandiflora
- 50. Smoke Tree
Cotinus coggygia 'Royal Purple'
- 51. Monarch Birch
Betula maximowicziana
- 52. Variegated Japanese Maple
Acer palmatum 'Butterfly'



Grand Fir (#47) is one of our tallest native trees, sometimes reaching 300 feet.



Goldenchain Tree (#26) is spectacular during its brief bloom in May



Many **Willows** like abundant supplies of water. Along the lakefront and CW trail you'll find several kinds, including French Pussywillow (left), Weeping Willow, Western Pussywillow and Pacific Willow.

Chehalis Western Trail

Chambers Lake

30.2
30.1
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32
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30.3
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Community Park

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Chambers Lake Drive

1. Cedar of Lebanon
Cedrus libani
2. Deodar Cedar
Cedrus deodara
3. Atlas Cedar
Cedrus atlantica 'Glauca'
4. **Western Larch**
Larix occidentalis
5. Serbian Spruce
Picea omorika

Leisure

2600

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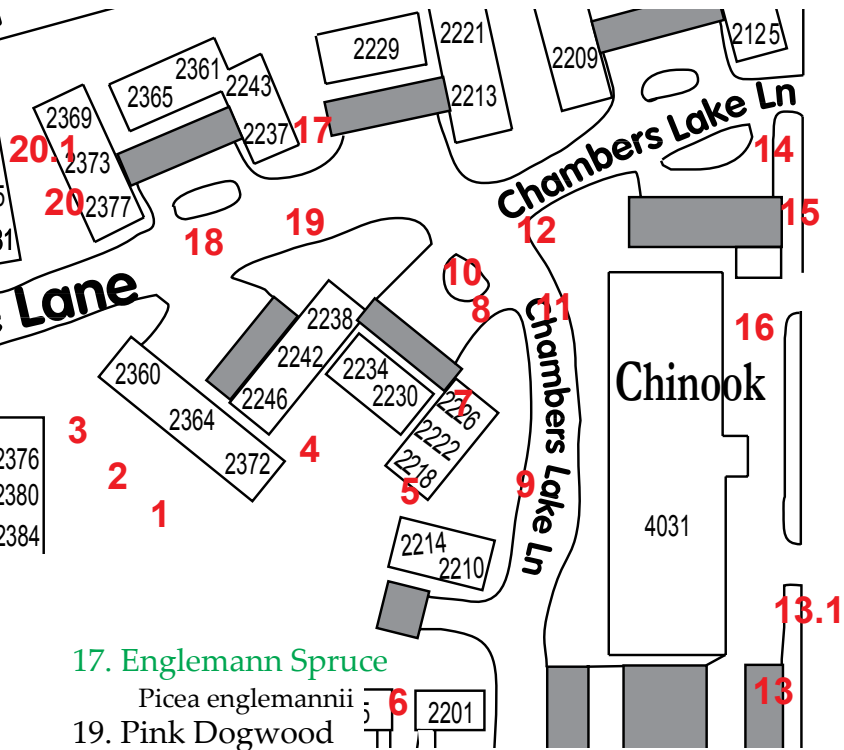
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6. Gold Star Dogwood
Cornus kousa 'Gold Star'
7. **Sitka Spruce**
Picea sitchensis
8. **Ponderosa Pine**
Pinus ponderosa
9. **Grand Fir**
Abies grandis
10. Kwanzan Flowering Cherry
Prunus serulata 'Sekiyama'
11. European Hornbeam
Carpinus betulus 'Fastigata'
12. **Douglas Fir**
Pseudotsuga menziesii
13. Norway Spruce
Picea abies
- 13.1. Japanese Maple
Acer palmatum 'Emperor 1'
14. American Yellowwood
Cladrastis lutea
15. Red Horsechestnut
Aesculus x carnea
16. Fernleaf Fullmoon Maple
Acer japonicum 'Aconitifolium'



Eastern Dogwood (#45) has a longer flowering period than most trees.

About 1905 a sailing ship had delivered a cargo to Chile and the captain was looking for something profitable to bring back. Deciding on a load of young **Monkey Puzzle** trees, he peddled them at ports all along the West Coast - ending his voyage here in Olympia. Seedlings were not available again until at least the 1950s. As you drive around town you will notice that all Monkey Puzzle trees are either old or young - none are middle aged.



17. Englemann Spruce

Picea englemannii

19. Pink Dogwood

Cornus florida rubra

20. Redwood

Sequoia sempervirens

20.1. Pagoda Dogwood

Cornus alternifolia

21. Incense Cedar

Calocedrus decurrens

23. Korean Dogwood

Cornus kousa

24. Harlequin Maple

Acer platanoides 'Drummondii'

25. Starlight Dogwood

Cornus nutalli x kousa

27. American Paper Birch

Betula papyrifera

28. Southern Magnolia

Magnolia grandiflora

29. Galaxy Magnolia

Magnolia sprengeri x liliiflora

30. Japanese Maple

Acer palmatum var.

30.1. English Oak

Quercus rober

30.2. Swamp White Oak

Quercus bicolor

30.3. Eastern Redbud

Cercis canadensis

31. Bloodgood Maple

Acer palmatum 'Bloodgood'

32. Alder

Alnus oregona

33. Red Elderberry

Sambucus callicarpa

34. Oregon Ash

Fraxinus latifolia

35. Katsura

Cercidiphyllum japonicum

36. Coast Redwood

Sequoia sempervirens

37. Bald Cypress

Taxodium distichum

38. American Sweet Gum

Liquidambar styraciflua

39. Thread Cypress

Chamaecyparis pisifera 'Filifera'

40. Sourwood

Oxydendrum arborium

41. Umbrella Pine

Sciadopitys verticillata

42. Monkey Puzzle Tree

Araucaria araucana

43. Austrian Black Pine

Pinus nigra

44. Thundercloud Plum

Prunus cerasifera 'Thundercloud'

45. Eastern Dogwood

Cornus florida

46. Dawn Redwood

Metasequoia glyptostroboides

47. Persian Ironwood

Parrotia persica

48. Flowering Crabapple

Malus sp

49. Weeping Atlas Cedar

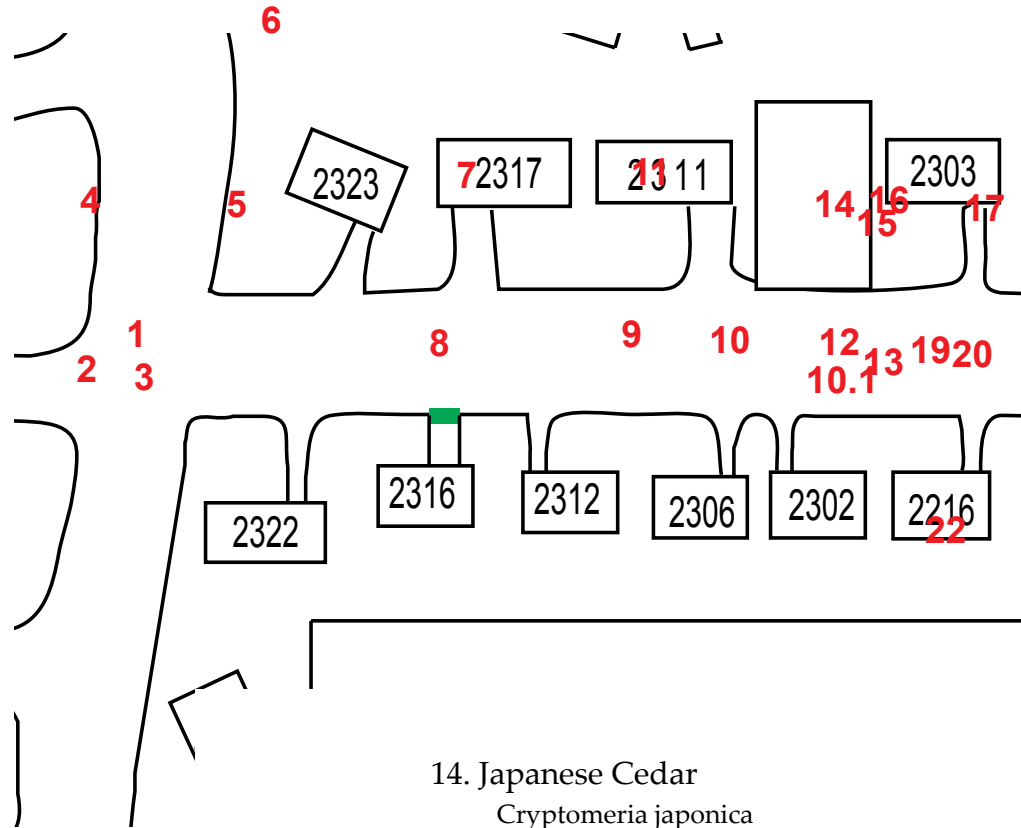
Cedrus atlantica 'Glauca Pendula'



Starlight Dogwood (#25) is the result of a breeding program at Rutgers University to develop dogwoods not bothered by the diseases that are killing many of our native trees. Released in 2004, Starlight is a hybrid of Korean and Pacific Dogwoods. It has beautiful white bracts that are larger than those of either parent.



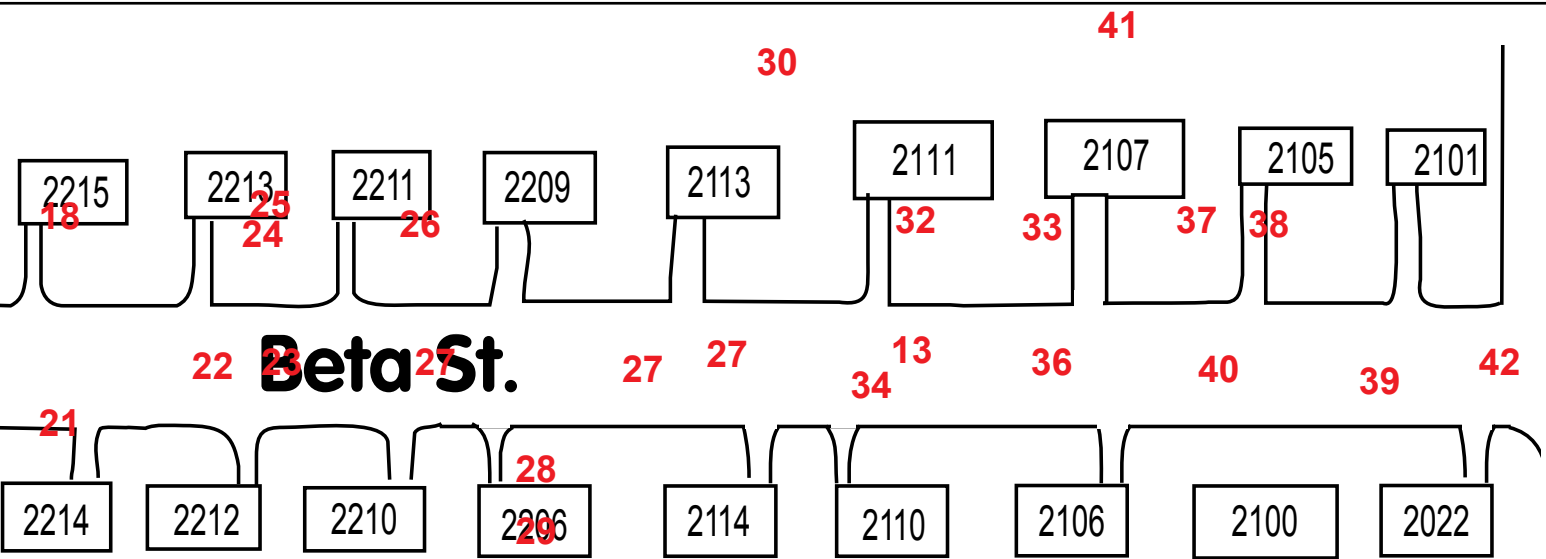
1. Weeping Dogwood
Cornus florida 'Pendula'
2. Serviceberry
Amelanchier x grandiflora
3. Pink Snowbell
Styrax japonicus 'Pink Chimes'
4. Sweetbay
Magnolia virginiana 'Moonglow'
5. Crape Myrtle
Lagerstroemia indica
6. Alpine Fir
Abies lasiocarpa
7. Japanese Maple
Acer palmatum var.
8. Sawleaf Zelkovia
Zelkovia serrata 'Green Vase'
9. Austrian Black Pine
Pinus nigra
10. Eastern Dogwood
Cornus florida
- 10.1. Franklin Tree
Franklinia alatamaha
11. Port Orford Cypress
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana var.
12. Korean Dogwood
Cornus kousa
13. Persian Ironwood
Parrotia persica



14. Japanese Cedar
Cryptomeria japonica
15. Weeping Cherry
Prunus subhirtella 'Pendula'
16. Harry Lauder's Walking Stick
Corylus avellana 'Contorta'
17. River Birch
Betula nigra
18. Strawberry Tree
Arbutus unido
19. Colorado Blue Spruce
Picea pungens glauca
20. Scotch Pine
Pinus sylvestris
21. Cornelian Cherry
Cornus mas
22. Deodar Cedar
Cedrus deodora
23. Thundercloud Plum
Prunus cerasifera
24. Paperbark Maple
Acer griseum
25. Redbud
Cercis canadensis
26. Western Hemlock
Tsuga heterophylla
27. Sunset Maple
Acer x freemanii 'Red Sunset'



Harry Lauder's Walking Stick #16 is a fantastically twisted form of the common European Hazlenut



- 28. **Mountain Hemlock**
Tsuga mertensiana
- 29. Korean Fir
Abies koreana
- 30. Red Buckeye
Aesculus pavia
- 31. Evergreen Magnolia
Magnolia grandiflora 'Little Gem'
- 32. Flowering Pear
Pyrus calleryana
- 33. **Western Red Cedar**
Thuja plicata
- 34. Snowbell
Styrax japonicus
- 36. Himalayan Paper Birch
Betula jacquemontii

One of the newer varieties of flowering cherry is 'Royal Burgundy.' (#39) It was discovered in Oregon around 1990 as a bud sport (a spontaneous mutation affecting one branch of a tree) on the familiar green-leaf variety 'Kwanzan.' Royal Burgundy's leaves remain a rich red-purple all Summer while its Spring flowers are the typical garish pink of Kwanzan.

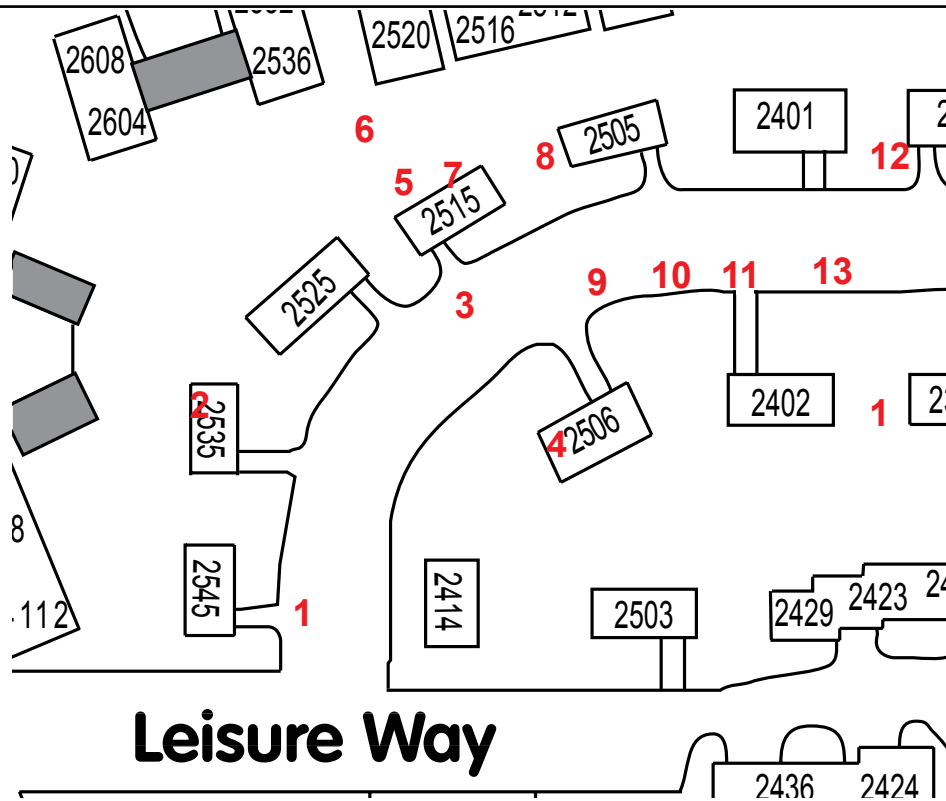


- 37. Linden
Tillia cordata
- 38. **Ponderosa Pine**
Pinus ponderosa
- 39. Red Leaf Cherry
Prunus serrulata
'Royal Burgundy'
- 40. Goldenchain Tree
Laburnum
- 41. Dutch Elm
Ulmus x hollandica
- 42. Vulcan Magnolia
Magnolia campbellii x liliiflora

Strawberry Tree (#18) is a European relative of our native Madrone. You often see flowers and fruit on the plant at the same time. While technically edible, the fruit is dry and tasteless.



1. Beech
Fagus sylvatica
2. American Sweet Gum
Liquidambar styraciflua
3. Planetree Maple
Acer pseudoplatanus
4. Ginkgo
Ginkgo biloba
5. Limber Pine
Pinus flexilis 'Vanderwolfe's Pyramid'
6. Himalayan Paper Birch
Betula jacquemontii
7. Southern Magnolia
Magnolia grandiflora
8. Thundercloud Plum
Prunus cerasifera 'Thundercloud'
9. Northern Red Oak
Quercus rubra
10. Japanese Maple
Acer palmatum var.
11. Eastern Dogwood
Cornus florida
12. Serbian Spruce
Picea omorika



Leisure Way

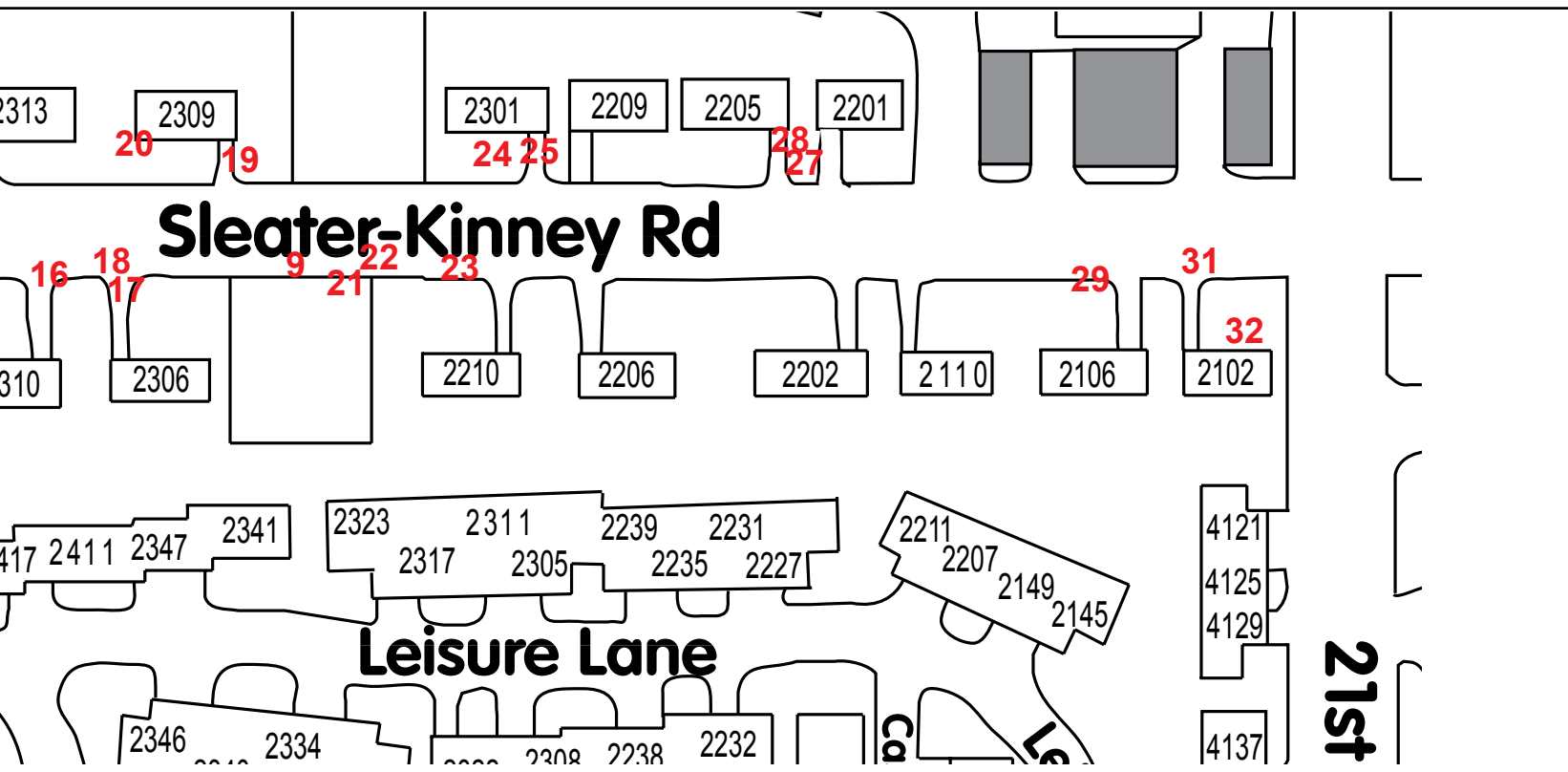
17. European Mountain Ash
Sorbus aucuparia
18. Mountain Hemlock
Tsuga mertensiana
19. Quaking Aspen
Populus tremuloides
20. Englemann Spruce
Picea englemannii
21. Green Ash
Fraxinus pennsylvanica
22. Sweet Cherry
Prunus avium
23. Deodar Cedar
Cedrus deodara
24. English Holly
Ilex aquifolium

Colorado Spruce (#26) can vary in color from green with a slight blueish cast to a bright gray-blue.



13. Tulip Tree
Liriodendron tulipifera
16. Crimson King Maple
Acer platanoides 'Crimson King'

The brilliant white peeling bark of Himalayan Birch (#6) is distinctive. River Birch (p 12 #17) is similar, but with bark in rich shades of brown and orange.



25. Western Red Cedar

Thuja plicata

27. Bosnian Pine

Pinus heldreichii
(syn. *P. leucodermis*)

28. Italian Cypress

Cupressus sempervirens

29. Katsura

Cercidiphyllum japonicum

31. Saucer Magnolia

Magnolia x soulangiana

32. Colorado Spruce

Picea pungens



This Tulip Tree (#13) was planted some 60 years ago. The yellow-green flowers which bloom in May are well hidden by the leaves and usually go unnoticed.



Mistakes? Omissions? - Unthinkable! . . . but unfortunately possible. The author of this guide humbly solicits your comments, corrections or suggestions for inclusion in a revised edition. Call Jeff at Panorama extension 4254.



True Firs - Genus *Abies*



Korean Fir (*A. koreana*) grows to only about 20 feet. 'Hortsmann Silberlocke' (left) is a cultivar with needles twisted to show the silver underside.

Caucasian Fir (*A. nordmanniana*) is becoming popular as a Christmas tree, you'll see more of it in the future.



Spanish Fir (*A. pinsapo glauca*) has sharp blue needles that stick out on all sides of the twig like a bottle brush.



Corkbark Fir (*A. lassiocarpa arizonica*) is a form of Alpine Fir from the southern Rocky Mountains.



Japanese Silver Fir (*A. veitchii*) has medium length needles in a V pattern with bright silver undersides

The local **Grand Fir** (*A. grandis*) is the tallest (300+ feet) and longest lived fir. Lower, sterile branches (right) have needles in two rows while fertile branches curve their needles upward - but these are high in the tree and only seen if a storm blows a branch down.



Dwarf Balsam Fir (*A. balsamea* 'Nana') is a small round shrub.



Blue Noble Fir (*A. procera glauca*) is the commonly planted form of this native tree.



Concolor Fir (*A. concolor*) has very long needles which are the same color on both sides.



Pines - Genus *Pinus*

Pines differ from other conifers in having needles in bundles enclosed by a sheath at the base. Each bundle may contain 1, 2, 3 or 5 needles. Single needle pines (Piñons) are not represented at Panorama.

2-Needle Pines



Shore Pine (*P. contorta*), distinguished by short (2") bright green needles and small cones which usually do not fall from the tree, is the only native pine in Lacey. The local variety is a short, rounded tree while the Lodgepole variety (*P. c. latifolia*) is tall and straight. 'Spaan's Dwarf' seldom reaches 2 feet and has needles less than 1/2" long. 'Chief Joseph' will reach about 6 feet and turns a bright gold in the winter.

Jack Pine (*P. banksiana*), is the most common pine in Canada, growing as far north as the Arctic circle. This twisted cultivar is known as Uncle Foggy.



Mugo or Swiss Mountain Pine (*P. mugo*), looks much like shore pine, but with slightly larger cones which open wider. It can be anywhere from a 6" dwarf to a 40' tree.



Needle-leaf Conifers - Family Pinaceae



Scotch Pine (*P. sylvestris*), is the most common pine of Northern Europe. It has short, bluish needles and red bark on the upper trunk. 'Glauca Nana' forms a blueish ball.



Bosnian Pine (*P. heldreichii*), is closely related to Austrian Pine. It differs in having a single straight trunk and partially prickly cones.



Austrian Black Pine (*P. nigra*), is common in central Europe. It grows to 100 feet, becoming rounded or flat topped in age. 'Fastigata' is a smaller, columnar variety.



Japanese Black Pine (*P. thunbergii*) grows to 130 feet in the wild, but the compact variety 'Thunderhead' probably will not exceed 20.



Pines - Genus *Pinus*

5-Needle Pines



Bristlecone Pines (*P. aristata*), in the mountains of California are earth's oldest living things - nearly 5000 years. Recognize it by the white spots of resin on the needles. A slow-growing tree, it may reach 20 feet.



Himalayan White Pine (*P. wallichiana*), from Afganistan and Nepal, has 8 inch weeping needles. The variegated form is known as 'Zebrina.'



Western



Eastern

Eastern White Pine (*P. strobus*), grows all over eastern North America.

The bluish needles and layered growth pattern are distinctive. Also look for dwarf and twisted varieties on campus.

Western White Pine (*P. monticola*) is very similar and best distinguished by it's larger (8 - 10") cones. While not found wild in the Olympia area, it is common in the woods near Shelton.



Limber Pine (*P. flexilis* 'Vanderwolf's Pyramid'). Note the up-turned branches - the only white pine we have with this growth pattern. The species is native to the Rocky Mountains.



P. Strobus Nana group ↑



Eastern

3-Needle Pines

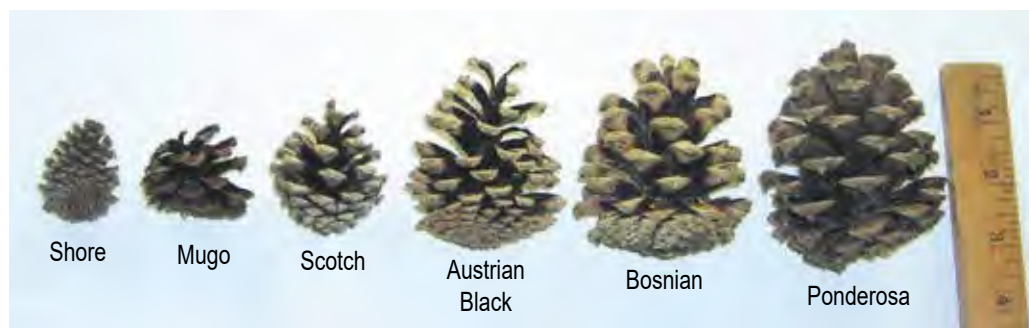


Ponderosa Pine (*P. ponderosa*), grows on the eastern slopes of the Cascades and throughout the Rocky Mountains. Pick up a cone and you might think you had grabbed a pin cushion.

Lacebark Pine (*P. bungeana*) is an open, rounded tree from China. This specimen, which comes to us from the Brooklyn Botanic Garden, should reach 50 feet.



Know them by their cones



True Cedars - Genus *Cedrus*

'True' Cedars have needles in bunches of 20-40, but often borne singly on new growth. Their 3-5 inch cones stand upright on the upper branches and fall apart when ripe - you never find whole cones on the ground.

Atlas Cedar (*C. atlantica glauca*), is a stiff tree from North Africa. The blue form is most common, but you do occasionally see a green one. The weeping form (*C. a glauca* 'Pendula') is popular.



Deodar Cedar (*C. deodara*) comes from northern India. It is a more graceful tree with drooping top and branch ends. Needles are longer and brighter green. 'Divinely Blue' is a dwarf cultivar.



Cedar of Lebanon (*C. libani*), is rare in cultivation. Closely related to Atlas Cedar, it has shorter needles and a more spreading, flat-top shape in age.



Spruces - Genus *Picea*



Norway Spruce (*P. abies*), is a conical tree with weeping branchlets on older specimens. Cones are 6" or more. There are many dwarf forms.



Bird's Nest



'Little Gem'



Weeping

Englemann Spruce → (*P. engelmannii*) is native to the high Cascades and Rocky Mountains.

Serbian Spruce (*P. omorika*), is frequently seen in gardens but is now rare in its native Balkans. Note the very narrow profile and upturned branch ends. →



P. o. 'Nana'



→ **Sitka Spruce** (*P. sitkensis*). Our native coastal spruce is an open, wide-spreading tree. Needles have a silvery underside.



Colorado Spruce (*P. pungens*), ranges from dark green to bright blue (*P. p. glauca*). The very sharp needles stick out straight all around the twig. 'Globosa' is one of the many dwarf *glauca* forms.



White or Stinking Spruce (*P. glauca*), is usually only planted in the dwarf form called **Alberta Spruce** (*P. g. albertiana* 'Conica'). We are lucky to also have the species, which looks much like Colorado Blue Spruce - distinguish it by needles which point forward on the twig.



Hemlocks - Genus *Tsuga*

Eastern Hemlock (*T. canadensis*), has many popular dwarf cultivars, but the wild tree (far right) is seldom grown here.



'Jeddeloh'



'Pendula'



'Gentsch White'



Mountain Hemlock (*T. mertensiana*), is native to the high Cascades. It's a smaller, bushier tree whose needles stick out at all angles - unlike the other hemlocks which have needles more or less in two rows.



Western Hemlock (*T. heterophylla*), is an important local timber tree. Identify it by the nodding tip and pendulous branch ends. It has no common cultivars.



Needle-leaf Conifers - Family Pinaceae

Douglas Fir (*Pseudotsuga menziesii*), is the most common evergreen in our area. Young trees like sun and are quick to invade burned or cut-over land, but as the forest matures and the ground is shaded they become less common. In a truly ancient stand of trees Douglas Fir is only a minor component, with Grand Fir, Hemlock and Red Cedar predominating. The tallest tree in Washington, at 326 feet, is a Douglas Fir - but there is an unconfirmed report of one slightly over 400 feet, unfortunately measured only after it was cut down.



Western? Larch (*Larix occidentalis*). Larch resembles the true cedars, with two important differences - cones are small and the needles fall off in winter. The one large example on campus is probably our native Western Larch from the high Cascades, but everything is so high in the air it is hard to be sure. **Weeping (Japanese) Larch** (*L. kaempferi*) can be as large as the upright version, but only gets as tall as the stake it is tied to - then it hangs down or runs sideways for 100 feet or more. This is almost always sold as the European Larch (*L. decidua*) but DNA studies show it is usually the Japanese species.



Needle-leaf Conifers - Family Taxaceae

Yews - Genus *Taxus*

Irish Yew (*T. baccata* 'Fastigata'), often suffers from poor placement. Gardeners don't realize how large it grows and so you usually see it beheaded (right). Left to itself, it will reach about 50 feet. **Hick's Yew** (*T. x media* 'Hicksii') is almost identical. **Golden English Yew** (*T. baccata* 'Stricta Aurea'), is a popular variety.

Spreading Yew (*T. x media* 'Repandens'), will reach about 3 feet tall by 6 or 8 feet wide. It has a softer, more graceful look.



You may also find the **Dwarf Japanese Yew** (*T. cuspidata* 'Nana') on campus. It is similar to Spreading yew, but smaller in both needle and bush size. Hikers could see the **Pacific Yew** (*T. brevifolia*) in the woods. It is a small, open tree with short needles. Uncommon in the wild, it is almost impossible to grow under cultivation.

Cedar or Arborvitae - Genus *Thuja*



Western Red Cedar (*T. plicata*), is another of our important lumber trees. The variegated form is known as 'Zebrina.'

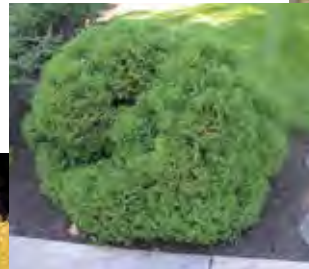
Cones on all species of *Thuja* are pointed, 1/2 inch long and at maturity open wide like a flower.



American Arborvitae (*T. occidentalis*), which comes from our eastern states, is coarser-textured than its western cousin. It is usually represented in gardens only by its many cultivars



'Smaragd'



'Hetz Midget'

'Sherwood Frost'
Winter Color

'Aurea Nana'



Elkhorn Cedar - Genus *Thuja*



Oriental Arborvitae (*T. orientalis* 'Aurea Nana'), can be recognized by the vertical sprays of foliage. It is also called *Platycladus*.



Elkhorn Cedar (*Thujaopsis dolobrata*), resembles *Thuja*, but with larger leaves. This is the dwarf variety 'Nana'.

False Cypress or Cedar or Arborvitae - Genus *Chamaecyparis*

Hinoki (*C. obtusa*), is a prominent forest tree in Japan. The branch tips are blunt and fan-shaped and often held in horizontal layers. We likely have several other cultivars on campus.



Cones on all species of *Chamaecyparis* are round, 3/8 inch across and at maturity open by several slits while retaining their shape.



'Fernspray Gold'



'Nana'



'Kosteri'



'Maresii'



'Aurea Nana'



'Gracilis'

What, exactly, is a Cedar? Or, what about common names?

A Cedar is nothing, exactly - and that's the problem with common names.

Here in Washington, when we talk about cedar, we usually mean the native *Thuja*, but on the east coast a cedar would probably be a juniper. In Europe it would be a *Cedrus* and in Japan a *Cryptomeria* - if they knew what you were talking about at all. One common name can mean different things in different places, or cover several unrelated plants in the same place. Anyway, when you look beyond the most popular garden forms, most plants don't have common names.

That's why gardeners take the trouble to learn the scientific names - so they can understand clearly just which plant they are talking about.

Alaska Yellow Cedar (*C. nootkatensis*), grows from western Washington to Alaska. 'Pendula' is the most popular garden form.



False Cypress or Cedar or Arborvitae - Genus *Chamaecyparis*

Port Orford Cypress (*Chamaecyparis lawsoniana*), is native along a short stretch of the Pacific coast near Brookings, Oregon. Panorama has perhaps 8 or 10 of the more than 900 named cultivars, but it is practically impossible to match names with individual trees.



False Cypress or Cedar or Arborvitae - Genus *Chamaecyparis*

Sawara (*Chamaecyparis pisifera*), is another Japanese species. It looks much like Port Orford Cypress until you notice the prickles on the leaves and the mass of dead foliage in the center of the tree.



C. pisifera forma *squorrosa*
'Boulevard'



C. pisifera forma *plumosa*



'Silverlode' a
dwarf cultivar

Threadbranch Cypress (*Chamaecyparis pisifera* forma *filifera*), a natural variant of Sawara, can reach 50 feet in the wild. Most cultivars are smaller.



'Torulosa' is sometimes listed as a variety of *C. obtusa*



'Aurea Nana'

'Mops'

You'll see a few other cultivars on campus

Junipers - Genus *Juniperus*

Juvenile vs. Adult Leaves. All conifers have 2 kinds of leaves. Seedlings have narrow, pointed needle-like leaves which drop away by the 2nd or 3rd year to leave only the adult form - either wider needles or scales. Only in the junipers do the juvenile leaves persist into adulthood. Some kinds make the switch later in life, some not at all, while others have both kinds at the same time.



'Hollywood'
J. chinensis 'Torulosa'



'Pfitzer'
J. x media 'Pfitzeriana'



'Blue Carpet'
J. squamata 'Blue carpet'



'Blue Star'
J. squamata 'Blue Star'



J. procumbens 'variegata'



J. procumbens 'Nana'



'Shore'
J. conferta 'Blue Pacific'



'Tam'
J. sabina 'Tamariscifolia'



'Blue Rug'
J. horizontalis 'Wiltonii'



'Moonglow'
J. sabina
'Moonglow'



'Armstrong'
J. chinensis 'Armstrong'

Other Junipers on campus include:

J. chinensis 'Old Gold'

J. sabina 'Broadmoor'

J. x media 'Pfitzeriana Aurea'

Japanese Cedar - Genus *Cryptomeria*

Sugi or Japanese Cedar (*Cryptomeria japonica*). No, those are not needles, they're scale leaves with points. A genus with only one species, but many varieties. Notice how the 1 inch cones are borne on the end of each branchlet - unusual for conifers.



'Sekkan-Sugi'



'Nana'



Species



'Elegans' (Winter color)



'Pygmaea'



'Spiralitur Falcata'

So how do I pronounce those scientific names?

Short answer - any way you want to.

Plant names are part of what is called the International Scientific Vocabulary. Professionals all over the world use it to communicate with each other - almost always in writing, so a recognized standard pronunciation has never developed. Many people try to come as close as they can to classical Latin, but really anything that sounds pleasant and gets the point across will do.

Scale-leaf Conifers - Family Taxodiaceae

Coast Redwood → (*Sequoia sempervirens*). From northern California, the world's tallest tree is recognized by most people. Again, these are scale leaves with long points, not needles.



Sequoia (*Sequoiadendron giganteum*). From central California, these are the world's most massive living things. Although closely related to Coast Redwood, they look very different - for here the points of the scale leaves are short and sharp.



'Pendula'



China Fir (*Cunninghamia lanceolata*). Looking like a Monkey puzzle but related to the Redwood, these are not Firs at all (but they are from China). The brown leaves near the tree's center are typical of the species and not a sign of disease.



Dawn Redwood (*Metasequoia glyptostroboides*) was long thought to be extinct, until a few were found growing in China in the 1940s. It looks much like Coast Redwood - until Fall comes and all the leaves fall off.

Bald Cypress (*Taxodium distichum*), a native of the South Eastern USA, is another deciduous conifer. Often confused with Dawn Redwood, it is distinguished by its shorter, more pointed leaves.



Miscellaneous Conifers



Smooth (True) Cypress ←(*Cupressus glabra*) family Cupressaceae, comes from the American Southwest. The nearly round branchlets can be almost white.

Leyland Cypress →(*x Cupressocyparis leylandii*) family Cupressaceae. The name covers all the intergeneric hybrids between *Cupressus* and *Chamaecyparis*. Most of them are very fast growing, floppy and ungraceful trees that live fast and die young. We have several cultivars.



Umbrella Pine ↑ (*Sciadopitys verticillata*). Family Sciadopityaceae. Conifers because they have cones, these trees from Japan are not closely related to any other member of the group. These are truly 'living fossils', unchanged for over 200 million years. The needle-like parts are not leaves but highly modified twigs called cladodes. The true leaves are tiny scales farther down the branch.



Incense Cedar → (*Calocedrus decurrens*) family Cupressaceae. Native to the Southern Cascades, the 'beautiful' (calo) cedar resembles *Thuja*. You might first notice it because of the intense smell on warm days. There are several mature specimens behind the Chalet.



Plum-Pine ↑(*Cephalotaxus harringtonia* 'Duke Gardens') family Cephalotaxaceae, comes from east Asia.



Alpine Tootara ←(*Podocarpus lawrencii* 'Blue Tip') family Podocarpaceae. Tootaras live in lands bordering the South Pacific (this one is from Tasmania). It is one of the few Podocarps hardy enough for this climate.

Monkeypuzzle Tree →(*Araucaria araucana*). Family Araucariaceae. These odd conifers from Chile are the hardiest members of a large group of mostly tropical trees from the Southern hemisphere.

They're related to Norfolk Island Pine and the newly discovered Wollemi Pine of Australia. Don't touch the tree, you can easily cut yourself.



Ginkgo →(*Ginkgo biloba*). Family Ginkgoaceae. Once native to Washington, these ancient conifer relatives were known in the west only as fossils until living plants were brought from China in about 1730.



Flowering Shrubs and Trees

Flowering shrubs and trees are the mainstay of any garden, and here at Panorama we are fortunate to have one of the largest collections in Washington, some 1200 distinct kinds. This booklet, we hope, will help you identify some of the more interesting or unusual ones. Not every variety has been included, particularly in large groups such as Rhododendron, Lilac, Maple and Clematis - and roses are not listed because they are not usually permanent fixtures in our landscape.

All plants shown here are ones which do have flowers - they are members of the phylum Angiospermae - although they may be grown more for their foliage or fruit. Flowers may be tiny and unnoticed or very rarely produced. Bamboo, for instance, may bloom only once in 100 years.

Flowering plants are traditionally divided into two classes - Magnoliopsida (dicots) and Liliopsida (monocots). Dicots have flower parts in multiples of 4 or 5 and seeds with 2 halves (think of split peas) while monocots have flower parts in 3s and seeds with only one part (think of corn). Most monocots are herbaceous, at least in this climate, and the only ones included in this booklet are bamboo, palm, New Zealand Flax and yucca.

Abbreviations used include: **sp.** for species, **v.** for variety, **f.** for form, **cv.** for cultivated variety or cultivar and **x** for hybrid. An abbreviation with nothing following means that we are not entirely sure of the correct name. A species is a group of plants that does not normally interbreed with other plants. A variety is a distinct, usually geographical subdivision of a species, while a form is less distinct and usually non-geographical - although in practice the two terms can be interchangeable. Cultivars are varieties that were created in the garden and do not exist in nature - their names are written in Roman type inside single quotation marks. When a cultivar name is given without a species, it is usually a complex hybrid of several species.

Plants are listed alphabetically by genus, but see the partial common name index below. **Names written in green** are native to the northwest.

Common Names

Azalea	Rhododendron	Lilac	Syringa
Blackberry	Rubus	Mock Orange	Philadelphus
Blueberry	Vaccinium	New Zealand Flax	Phormium
Currant	Ribes	Ninebark	Physiocarpus
Dogwood	Cornus	Oregon Grape	Mahonia
Elderberry	Sambucus	Quince	Chaenomeles
Hazelnut	Corylus	Rockrose	Cistus
Heath	Erica	Rose of Sharon	Hibiscus
Heather	Calluna	Salal	Gaultheria
Holly	Ilex	Sunrose	Helianthemum
Honeysuckle	Lonicera	Willow	Salix
Huckleberry	Vaccinium	Winterhazel	Corylopsis
Ivy	Hedera	Witchhazel	Hamamelis
Laurel	Prunus		



Abelia 'Golden Anniversary'
Abelia



Abelia x grandiflora 'Sunrise'
Variegated Abelia



Acer campestre
Hedge Maple



Acer circinatum
Vine Maple



Acer x freemanii 'Brandywine'



Acer ginnala
Flowering Maple



Acer griseum
Paperbark Maple



Acer japonicum 'Aconitifolium'
Fernleaf Fullmoon Maple



Acer macrophyllum
Bigleaf Maple



Acer negundo 'Flamingo'
Box Elder



Acer palmatum 'Bloodgood'
Japanese Maple



Acer palmatum 'Butterfly'
Japanese Maple



Acer palmatum 'Koto No Ito'
Japanese Maple



Acer palmatum 'Orido Nishiki'
Japanese Maple



Acer palmatum 'Sumi nagashi'
Japanese Maple



Acer palmatum f. *dissectum* 'Filigree'
Laceleaf Maple



Acer palmatum f. *dissectum atropurpureum* 'Orangeola'
Red Laceleaf Maple



Acer platanoides
Norway Maple



Acer platanoides 'Crimson King'



Acer platanoides 'Drummondii'
Harlequin Maple



Acer pseudoplatanus
Planetree Maple



Acer pseudoplatanus 'Eskimo Sunset'
Planetree Maple



Acer rubrum
Red Maple



Acer rubrum 'Bowhall'
Bowhall Maple



Acer shirasawanum 'Aureum'
Golden Fullmoon Maple



Acer shirasawanum 'Autumn Moon'
Fullmoon Maple



Actinidia arguta
Hardy Kiwi



Actinidia deliciosa
Fuzzy Kiwi



Aesculus x carnea
Red Horsechestnut



Aesculus pavia
Red Buckeye



Akebia quinata
Chocolate Vine



Alnus glutinosa 'Laciniata'
Cut Leaf Alder



Alnus oregona
Red Alder



Amelanchier alnifolia
Western Serviceberry



Amelanchier laevis
Allegheny Serviceberry



Andromeda polifolia
Bog Rosemary



Arbutus menziesii
Madrone



Arbutus unido
Strawberry Tree



Arctostaphylos uva-ursi
Kinnikinnick



Aronia melanocarpa
Black Chokeberry



Artemisia 'Powys Castle'
Mugwort



Aucuba japonica 'Picturata'
Gold Dust Plant



Aucuba japonica 'Variegata'
Gold Dust Plant



Azara microphylla
Boxleaf Azara



Berberis buxifolia 'Nana'
Boxleaf Barberry



Berberis darwinii
Darwin's Barberry



Berberis gladwynensis
William Penn Barberry



Berberis replicata
Barberry



Berberis × stenophylla 'Irwinii'
Irwin's Barberry



Berberis thunbergii
Japanese Barberry



Berberis thunbergii 'Aurea'
Golden Barberry



Berberis thunbergii
Crimson Pygmy Barberry



Berberis thunbergii 'Hellmond Pillar'
Fastigate Barberry



Berberis thunbergii
Golden Nugget Barberry



Berberis thunbergii
Rose Glow Barberry



Berberis verruculosa
Warty Barberry



Betula jacquemontii
Himalayan Birch



Betula papyrifera
Paper Birch



Betula pendula
European Birch



Betula pendula 'Purpurea'
Purple European Birch



Buddleja davidii 'Ellen's Blue'
Butterfly Bush



Buddleja davidii 'Pink Perfection'
Butterfly Bush



Buddleja × *weyeriana*
Butterfly Bush



Bupleurum fruticosum
Shrubby Hare's Ear



Buxus microphylla f. *koreana* 'Winter-green'
Korean Boxwood



Buxus sempervirens 'Variegata'
Variegated English Boxwood



Callicarpa bodinieri f. *giraldii* 'Profusion'
Beautyberry



Calluna vulgaris 'Allegro'
Heather



Calluna vulgaris 'County Wicklow'
Heather



Calluna vulgaris 'Silver Knight'
Heather



Calycanthus × *raulstonii*
Sweet Shrub



Camellia hiemalis 'Shishigashira'



Camellia japonica
'April Dawn'



Camellia japonica 'Finlandia'



Camellia japonica
'Kramer's Supreme'



Camellia japonica 'Nuccio's Pearl'



Camellia japonica 'Nuccio's Jewel'



Camellia oleifera 'Snow Flurry'
Tea Oil Camellia



Camellia sasanqua 'Cleopatra'



Camellia sasanqua cv



Camellia x vernalis 'Yuletide'



Camellia x williamsii 'Donation'



Campsis radicans
Trumpet Creeper



Caragana arborescens 'Pendula'
Siberian Peashrub



Carpinus betulus 'Fastigata'
Hornbeam



Catalpa speciosa
Catalpa



Ceanothus 'Dark Star'
California Lilac



Ceanothus 'Victoria'
California Lilac



Ceanothus gloriosus
Point Reyes Creeper



Ceanothus x palidus 'Marie Simon'



Cercidiphyllum japonicum
Katsura



Cercis canadensis 'Forest Pansey'
Redbud



Cercis canadensis 'Royal White'



Chaenomeles japonica 'Jet Trail'
Flowering Quince



Chaenomeles japonica 'Minerva'
Flowering Quince



Chiastophyllum oppositifolium 'Jim's
Pride'



Chionanthus virginicus
American Fringe Tree



Choisya 'Aztec Pearl'
Aztec Pearl Mexican Orange



Choisya ternata
Mexican Orange



Cistus purpurea
Purple Rockrose



Cladrastis leutea
American Yellowwood



Clematis armandi
Evergreen Clematis



Clematis integrifolia 'Fascination'



Clematis x lawsoniana 'Henryii'



Clematis macropetala



Clematis montana 'Rubens'
Anemone Clematis



Clematis terniflora
Sweet Autumn Clematis



Clematis viticella
'Madame Julia Correvon'



Clematis viticella
'Venosa Violacea'



Clematis "Miss Bateman"



Clerodendrum trichotomum
Harlequin Glorybower



Clethra alnifolia
Summersweet



Cornus alba 'Bailhalo'
Ivory Halo Tartarian Dogwood



Cornus alternifolia
Pagoda Dogwood



Cornus canadensis
Bunchberry Dogwood



Cornus controversa 'Variegata'
Giant Dogwood



Cornus florida
Eastern Dogwood



Cornus florida rubrum group
Pink Dogwood



Cornus florida 'Cherokee Sunset'
Variegated Dogwood



Cornus kousa
Korean Dogwood



Cornus kousa v chinensis 'Samzan'
Samaritan Dogwood



Cornus mas
Cornelian Cherry



Cornus nuttalli
Pacific Dogwood



Cornus officinalis
Japanese Cornelian Dogwood



Cornus x rutgersensis 'Rutgan'
Stellar Pink Dogwood



Cornus sericea
Red Twig Dogwood



Cornus sericea (in winter)
Red Twig Dogwood



Cornus 'Starlight'
(*C. kousa* x *C. nuttali*)



Cornus 'Venus'
(*C. kousa* x *C. nuttali*)



Corylopsis glabrescens
Fragrant Winterhazel



Corylopsis pauciflora
Buttercup Winterhazel



Corylus avellana 'Contorta'
Harry Lauder's Walking Stick



Corylus cornuta v. californica
Western Hazelnut



Cotinus coggygia 'Royal Purple'
Purple Smoke Tree



Cotinus coggygia 'Ancot'
Golden Spirit Smoke Tree



Cotoneaster apiculatus 'Tom Thumb'



Cotoneaster bullatus
Hollyberry Cotoneaster



Cotoneaster damerii 'Coral Beauty'
Cranberry Cotoneaster



Cotoneaster franchetii
Franchet Cotoneaster



Cotoneaster horizontalis
Rockspray Cotoneaster



Cotoneaster lacteus
Red Clusterberry



Cotoneaster lucidus
Hedge Cotoneaster



Cotoneaster microphyllus
Littleleaf Cotoneaster



Cotoneaster microphyllus 'Cooperii'
Pyrenees Cotoneaster



Cotoneaster salicifolius 'Repens'
Willowleaf Cotoneaster



Crataegus laevigata
English Hawthorn



Crataegus x lavalleyi 'Carriere'
Carriere Hawthorn



Crataegus phaenotyrum
Washington Hawthorn



Cydonia oblonga
Quince



Daboeca x scotia
Irish Heath



Daphne x burkwoodii 'Somerset'
Burkwood Daphne



Daphne cnoyrum
Garland Daphne



Daphne x houtteana



Daphne 'Lawrence Crocker'



Daphne mezereum
February Daphne



Daphne mezereum 'Bowles White'
February Daphne



Daphne odora 'Leucanthe'
Winter Daphne



Daphne odora 'Marginata'
Variegated Winter Daphne



Daphne tangutica



Daphne x transatlantica 'Summer Ice'



Davidia involucrata
Dove Tree



Deutzia gracilis
Slender Deutzia



Deutzia scabra 'Flore-pleno'
Fuzzy Deutzia



Drimys lanceolata
Tasmanian Pepper Bush



Edgeworthia chrysantha
Paper Bush



Eleagnus x ebbingii 'Gilt Edge'
Silverberry



Enkianthus campanulatus
Redvein Enkianthus



Erica carnea
Heath



Erica cinerea
Heath



Erica x darleyensis
Heath



Erysimum cv
Shrubby Wallflower



Escallonia x exoniensis 'Fradesii'



Escallonia 'Newport Dwarf'



Eucalyptus gunnii
Cider Gum



Eucalyptus pauciflora ssp. niphophila
Snow Gum



Euonymus alatus 'Compacta'
Burning Bush



Euonymus fortunei 'Emerald Gaiety'
Wintercreeper Euonymus



Euonymus japonica 'Aureo-variegata'
Japanese Euonymus



Euonymus japonica 'Green Spire'
Japanese Euonymus



Euonymus japonica 'Silver King'
Japanese Euonymus



Fagus sylvatica 'Purpurea'
Copper Beech



Fagus sylvatica 'Purpurea Pendula'
Weeping Purple Beech



Fagus sylvatica 'Tricolor'
Tricolor Beech



Fargesia nitida
Blue Fountain Bamboo



Fatsia japonica
Japanese Aralia



Feijoa sellowana
Pineapple Guava



Ficus carica
Fig



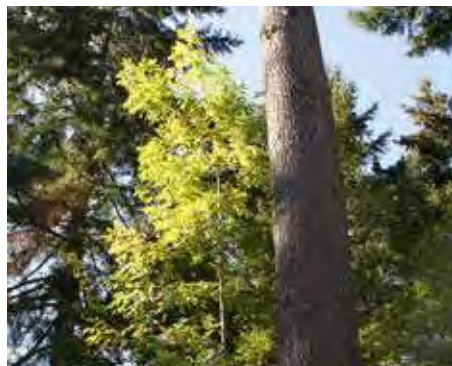
Forsythia x intermedia
Forsythia



Fothergilla gardenii 'Mt Airy'
Dwarf Fothergilla



Franklinia alatamaha
Franklin Tree



Fraxinus latifolia
Oregon Ash



Fraxinus pennsylvanica
Pennsylvania Green Ash



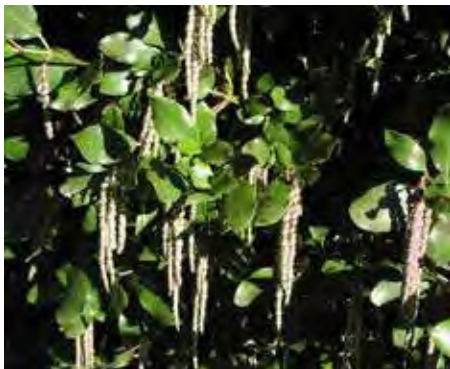
Fuchsia magellanica
Magellan's Fuschia



Fuchsia 'Santa Claus'



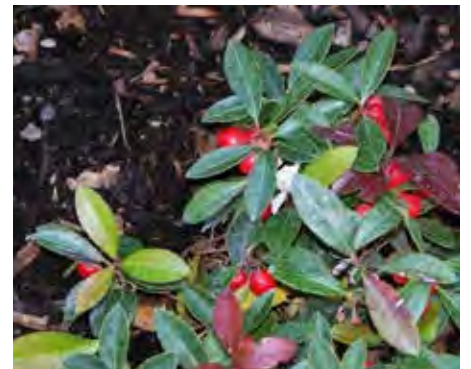
Garrya fremontii
Mountain Silktassel



Garrya elliptica
Coast Silktassel



Gaultheria mucronata
Prickly Heath



Gaultheria procumbens
Wintergreen



Gaultheria pumila
Chilean Checkerberry



Gaultheria shallon
Salal



Genista lydia
Woadwaxen



Genista pilosa 'Vancouver Gold'
Silkyleaf Broom



Hamamelis x intermedia 'Diane'
Witchhazel



Hamamelis x intermedia 'Feuerzauber'
Witchhazel



Hamamelis x intermedia 'Jelena (?)'
Witchhazel



Hamamelis x intermedia 'Arnold Promise'
Witchhazel



Hamamelis mollis 'pallida'
Chinese Witchhazel



Hamamelis virginiana
Common Witchhazel



Hebe buxifolia
Boxleaf Hebe



Hebe glauca



Hebe speciosa 'Tricolor'



Hebe 'Carol Teschner'



Hebe cupressoides



Hebe 'Patty Purple'



Hedera colchica 'Dentata Variegata'
Persian Ivy



Hedera helix
English Ivy (Juvenile Form)



Hedera helix
English Ivy (Adult Form)



Helianthemum 'Annabelle'
Sunrose



Helianthemum 'Raspberry Ripple'
Sunrose



Helianthemum 'The Bride'
Sunrose



Heptacodium miconioides
Seven Son Flower



Hesperaloe parviflora
Red Yucca



Heuchera micrantha f. diversifolia
'Palace Purple'



Heuchera 'Amber Waves'



Hibiscus syriacus 'Ardens'
Rose of Sharon



Hibiscus syriacus 'Blushing Bride'
Rose of Sharon
52



Hibiscus syriacus 'Red Heart'
Rose of Sharon



Holboellia coriacea 'China Blue'
Sausage Vine



Hydrangea arborescens 'Annabelle'
Snowhill Hydrangea



Hydrangea macrophylla (lacecap
type) **Bigleaf Hydrangea**



Hydrangea macrophylla (mophead
type) **Bigleaf Hydrangea**



Hydrangea paniculata
Panicle Hydrangea



Hydrangea paniculata 'Grandiflora'
Pee Gee Hydrangea



Hydrangea petiolaris
Climbing Hydrangea



Hydrangea quercifolia
Oak-leaf Hydrangea



Hydrangea serrata 'Bluebird'



Hydrangea serrata 'Preziosa'



Hypericum androsaemon 'Glacier'.
Variegated Tutsan



Hypericum calycinum
St Johnswort



Hypericum inodorum
St Johnswort



Iberis sempervirens
Evergreen Candytuft



Ilex aquifolium
English Holly



Ilex cornuta 'Rotunda'
Dwarf Chinese Holly



Ilex crenata 'Helleri'
Japanese Holly



Ilex crenata 'Sky Pencil'
Japanese Holly



Ilex x meserveae 'Blue Girl'
Meserve Holly



Ilex verticillata
Winterberry Holly



Itea virginica 'Henry's Garnet'
Sweetspire



Jasminum polyanthum
Jasmine



Jasminum x stephanense
Jasmine



Juglans regia
English Walnut



Kalmia latifolia 'Nipmunk'
Mountain Laurel



Kalmia latifolia cv.
Mountain Laurel



Kerria japonica 'Golden Guinea'



Kerria japonica 'Pleniflora'



Kolkwitzia amabilis
Beauty Bush



Laburnum x watereri
Goldenchain Tree



Lagerstroemia indica
Crepe Myrtle



Lavandula angustifolia
English Lavender



Lavandula dentata f. *candicans*
French Lavender



Lavandula stoechas
Spanish Lavender



Ledum groenlandicum
Labrador Tea



Leptinella squalida
Brass Buttons



Leucothoe axillaris
Coast Leucothoe



Leucothoe fontanesiana 'Girard's Rainbow' Rainbow Leucothoe



Leycesteria formosa Himalayan Honeysuckle



Ligustrum japonicum Waxleaf Privet



Ligustrum vulgare Common Privet



Liquidambar styraciflua Sweet Gum



Liriodendron tulipifera Tulip Tree



Lithocarpus densiflorus Tanbark Oak



Lithodora diffusa 'Grace Ward'



Lithodora diffusa 'Star'



Lonicera crassifolia Thick Leaf Honeysuckle



Lonicera x heckrottii Gold Flame Honeysuckle



Lonicera henryi Henry's Honeysuckle



Lonicera involucrata
Twinberry



Lonicera japonica 'Halliana'
Hall's Honeysuckle



Lonicera nitida 'Baggeson's Gold'
Box-leaf Honeysuckle



Lonicera periclymenum var. *serotina*
'Florida'
Late Dutch Honeysuckle



Lonicera pileata
Privet-leaf Honeysuckle



Lonicera sempervirens
Trumpet Honeysuckle



Lonicera tatarica
Tatarian Honeysuckle



Magnolia acuminata x *denudata*
'Elizabeth'



Magnolia campbellii x *liliiflora*
'Vulcan'



Magnolia grandiflora
Southern Magnolia



Magnolia x *kewensis*
'Wada's Memory'



Magnolia kobus
Kobushi Magnolia



Magnolia x loebneri
Loebner Magnolia



Magnolia seiboldii
Oyama Magnolia



Magnolia x soulangeana cv.
Saucer Magnolia



Magnolia sprengeri v. *diva* x *liliiflora*
'Galaxy'



Magnolia stelata
Star Magnolia



Magnolia stelata 'Rosea'
Pink Star Magnolia



Magnolia stelata x *liliiflora*



Magnolia virginiana 'Moonglow'
Bullbay



Mahonia aquifolium
Tall Oregon Grape



Mahonia (japonica v) *bealii*
Leatherleaf Mahonia



Mahonia confusa



Mahonia x media 'Charity'
Hybrid Mahonia



Mahonia eurybracteata
subsp. ganpinensis 'Soft Caress'



Mahonia nervosa
Dull Oregon Grape



Mahonia repans
Creeping Oregon Grape



Malus sp.
Flowering Crabapple



Malus 'Dolgo'
Crabapple



Malus x domestica 'Macintosh'
Apple



Malus 'Prairifire'
Crabapple



Malus transitoria 'Schmidtcutleaf'
Golden Raindrops Crabapple



Michalia figo var. *crassipes*
Banana Shrub



Myrica californica
Pacific Wax Myrtle



Nandina domestica
Heavenly Bamboo



Nandina domestica 'Filamentosa'
Threadleaf Heavenly Bamboo



Nandina domestica 'Fire Power'
Dwarf Heavenly Bamboo



Oemleria cerasiformis
Indian Plum



Origanum vulgare 'Aureum'
Golden Oregano



Osmanthus x burkwoodii
Burkwood Osmanthus



Osmanthus delavayi
Sweet Olive



Osmanthus heterophyllus 'Goshiki'
5-color Holly-Leaf Osmanthus



Osmanthus heterophyllus 'Gulftide'
Holly-Leaf Osmanthus



Osmanthus heterophyllus 'Rotundifolia'
Round-Leaf Osmanthus



Osmanthus heterophyllus 'Variegata'
Variegated Holly-Leaf Osmanthus



Oxydendrum arborium
Sourwood
60



Pachysandra terminalis
Japanese Spurge



Paeonia suffruticosa cv
Tree Peony



Parrotia persica
Persian Ironwood



Parthenocissus tricuspidata
Boston Ivy



Paulownia tomentosa
Empress Tree



Paxistima canbyi
Mountain Lover



Paxistima myrtifolia
Oregon Boxwood



Philadelphus lewisii
Western Mockorange



Philadelphus x virginalis 'Minnesota Snowflake'
Double Mockorange



Phlox subulata
Moss Phlox



Phormium cookianum 'Tricolor'
New Zealand Flax



Phormium tenax 'Rubrum'
New Zealand Flax



Phormium 'Yellow Wave'
New Zealand Flax



Photinia davidiana
Chinese Stranvaesia



Photinia × *fraseri*
Fraser Photinia



x Phylliopsis hillieri



Phyllostachys aurea
Golden Bamboo



Phyllostachys nigra
Black Bamboo



Physocarpus capitatus
Pacific Ninebark



Physocarpus opulifolius 'Coppertina'
Eastern Ninebark



Physocarpus opulifolius 'Dart's Gold'
Eastern Ninebark



Pieris japonica 'Crispa'
Lilly of the Valley Shrub



Pieris japonica 'Flaming Silver'
Lilly of the Valley Shrub



Pieris japonica 'Forest Flame'
Lilly of the Valley Shrub



Pieris japonica 'Valley Valentine'
Lilly of the Valley Shrub



Pittosporum garnetti



Polygalla chamaebuxus
Shrubby Milkwort



Poncirus trifoliata 'Flying Dragon'
Japanese Bitter Orange



Potentilla fruticosa cv



Populus nigra 'Italica'
Lombardy Poplar



Populus tremuloides
Quaking Aspen



Populus trichocarpa
Black Cottonwood



Prostanthera cuneata
Australian Mint Bush



Prunus avium
Sweet Cherry



Prunus x blireana
Flowering Plum



Prunus cerasifera 'Thundercloud'
Flowering Plum



Prunus cerasus
Pie Cherry



Prunus x cistena
Purple Sand Cherry



Prunus x domestica
Italian Prune



Prunus laurocerasus
English Laurel



Prunus laurocerasus 'Mt Vernon'
Dwarf English Laurel



Prunus lusitanica
Portuguese Laurel



Prunus persica
Peach



Prunus sargentii 'Columnaris'
Sargent Flowering Cherry



Prunus serrulata 'Royal Burgundy'
Flowering Cherry



Prunus serrulata cv
Flowering Cherry



Prunus serrulata 'Sekiyama'
Kwanzan Flowering Cherry



Prunus subhirtella 'Pendula'
Weeping Higan Cherry



Prunus virginiana 'Canada Red'
Chokecherry



Prunus x yedoensis 'Akebono'
Daybreak Flowering Cherry



Pyracantha coccinea 'Government Red' **Firethorn**



Pyracantha cv. **Firethorn**



Pyrus calleryana **Flowering Pear**



Pyrus communis **European Pear**



Pyrus pyrifolia culta **Asian Pear**



Quercus bicolor **Swamp White Oak**



Quercus myrsinifolia **Chinese Evergreen Oak**



Quercus macrocarpa **Bur Oak**



Quercus palustris **Pin Oak (in Winter)**



Quercus rober **English Oak**



Quercus rubra **Northern Red Oak**



Rhamnus alaternus 'Argenteovariegata' **Italian Buckthorn**



Raphiolepis umbellata
Yedo Hawthorn



Rhododendron augustinii



Rhododendron diversipilosum



Rhododendron calostrotum
ssp. keleticum (R. radicans)



Rhododendron catawbiense



Rhododendron cinnabarinum



Rhododendron elegantulum



Rhododendron ferrugineum



Rhododendron fortunei



Rhododendron glanduliferum



Rhododendron impeditum



Rhododendron keiskei var. *cordifolia*



Rhododendron macrophyllum
Coast Rhododendron



Rhododendron macrosepalum
'Koromo Shikibu' Spider Azalea



Rhododendron mucronulatum
'Cornell Pink'



Rhododendron occidentale
Western Azalea



Rhododendron pachysanthum



Rhododendron perichlymenoides
Pinxterbloom



Rhododendron ponticum v. *cheiranthifolium*
'Variegatum'



Rhododendron roxieanum



Rhododendron quinquifolium



Rhododendron schlippenbachii



Rhododendron stenopetalum
'Linearifolium'



Rhododendron **'Anna Rose Whitney'**



Rhododendron 'Blue Peter'



Rhododendron 'Bruce Brechtbill'



Rhododendron 'Cheer'



Rhododendron 'Crest'



Rhododendron 'Cunningham's White'



Rhododendron 'Dreamland'



Rhododendron 'Elizabeth'



Rhododendron 'English Roseum'



Rhododendron
'Fastuosum Flore-pleno'



Rhododendron 'Fantastica'



Rhododendron 'Honey Butter'



Rhododendron 'Ingrid Mehlquist'



Rhododendron 'Lem's Cameo'



Rhododendron 'Mrs Furnival'



Rhododendron 'Mrs Lowinski'



Rhododendron 'PJM'



Rhododendron 'Point Defiance'



Rhododendron 'President Roosevelt'
(Teddy, that is)



Rhododendron 'Ramapo'



Rhododendron 'Taurus'



Rhododendron 'The Honourable Jean
Marie de Montague'



Rhododendron 'Trailblazer'



Rhododendron 'Windsong'



Rhododendron 'Yaku Princess'



Rhododendron 'Arneson's Gem'
Deciduous Azalea



Rhododendron 'Avocet'
Deciduous Azalea



Rhododendron 'Gibraltar'
Deciduous Azalea



Rhododendron 'Homebush'
Deciduous Azalea



Rhododendron 'Popsicle'
Deciduous Azalea



Rhododendron 'Strawberry Ice'
Deciduous Azalea



Rhododendron 'Umpqua Queen'
Deciduous Azalea



Rhododendron 'Weston's Parade'
Deciduous Azalea



Rhododendron 'Betty Ann Voss'
Evergreen Azalea



Rhododendron 'Everest'
Evergreen Azalea



Rhododendron 'Girard's Fuschia'
Evergreen Azalea



Rhododendron 'Girard's Hot Shot'
Evergreen Azalea



Rhododendron 'Glamour'
Evergreen Azalea



Rhododendron 'Hinode Geri'
Evergreen Azalea



Rhododendron "Issho No Haru"
Evergreen Azalea



Rhododendron "Lorna"
Evergreen Azalea



Rhododendron "Louise Gable"
Evergreen Azalea



Rhododendron 'Mimi'
Evergreen Azalea



Rhododendron 'Mother's Day'
Evergreen Azalea



Rhododendron 'Purple Splendor'
Evergreen Azalea



Rhododendron 'Rosebud'
Evergreen Azalea



Rhododendron 'Silver Sword'
Evergreen Azalea



Rhododendron 'Tenino'
Evergreen Azalea



Rhus typhina
Staghorn Sumac



Ribes laurifolium
Evergreen Currant



Ribes nigrum
Black Currant



Ribes rubrum
Red Currant



Ribes sanguineum 'King Edward VII'
Flowering Currant



Ribes sanguineum 'White Icicle'
Flowering Currant



Robina (ambigua x hispida)
Purple Robe Locust



Robina pseudoacacia
Black Locust



Rosmarinus officinalis
Rosemary



Rubus calycinoides
Creeping Raspberry



Rubus discolor
Himalayan Blackberry
72



Rubus ideaus
Raspberry



Rubus laciniatus
Evergreen Blackberry



Rubus parviflorus
Thimbleberry



Rubus spectabilis
Salmonberry



Rubus ursinus
Pacific Blackberry



Salix alba 'Chermesina'
Scarlet Willow



Salix caprea 'Pendula'
Weeping Pussywillow



Salix integra 'Hakuro Nishiki'
Dappled Willow



Salix lasiandra
Pacific Willow



Salix matsudana 'Tortuosa'
Corkscrew Willow



Salix nakamura v. yezoalpina
Creeping Alpine Willow.



Salix purpurea 'Nana'
Dwarf Arctic Willow



Salix scouleriana
Western Pussywillow



Salix x sepulcralis 'Chrysocoma'
(*Salix alba* 'Tristis')
Golden Weeping Willow



Sambucus nigra 'Black Beauty'
Black Elderberry



Sambucus racemosa
Red Elderberry



Sambucus racemosa 'Sutherland Golden'
Red Elderberry



Santolina chamaecyparissus
Lavender Cotton



Sarcococca confusa
Sweet Box



Sarcococca hookeriana v. *humilis*
Creeping Sweet Box



Saxifraga x urbuim
London Pride Saxifrage



Schizophragma hydrangeoides
Japanese Hydrangea Vine



Skimmia japonica



Skimmia japonica 'Fructo-alba'



Skimmia reevesiana



Sorbaria sorbifolia
False Spirea



Sorbus aucuparia
Mountain Ash



Spiraea x arguta
Garland Spirea



Spiraea douglasii
Western Spirea



Spiraea japonica 'Anthony Waterer'



Spiraea japonica 'Shirobana'



Spiraea thunbergii 'Mellow Yellow'



Stewartia koreana
Korean Stewartia



Stewartia monadelphica
Tall Stewartia



Stewartia pseudocamillia
Japanese Stewartia



Styrax japonicus
Snowbell



Styrax obassia
Fragrant Snowbell



Symphoricarpos albus



Symphoricarpos x doorenbosii 'Magic'
Pink Snowberry



Symphoricarpos orbiculatus
Coralberry



Syringa × *hyacinthiflora*
Early Lilac



Syringa patula 'Miss Kim'
Korean Lilac



Syringa reticulata
Japanese Lilac



Syringa vulgaris 'Aucubaefolia'
Variegated Common Lilac



Syringa vulgaris 'Adelaide Dunbar'
Common Lilac



Syringa vulgaris 'Katherine Havemeyer'
Common Lilac



Syringa vulgaris 'Beauty of Moscow'
Common Lilac



Thymus serpyllum 'Pink Chinz'
Mother of Thyme
76



Tilia cordata
Little-leaf Linden



Tilia tomentosa
Silver Linden



Trachelospermum jasminoides
Star Jasmine



Trachycarpus fortunei
Windmill Palm



Ulmus glabra 'Camperdownii'
Camperdown Elm



Ulmus x hollandica 'Vegata'
Huntingdon Elm



Ulmus minor 'Jacqueline Hillier'
European Field Elm



Umbellularia californica
Myrtlewood



Vaccinium corymbosum
Blueberry



Vaccinium parvifolium
Red Huckleberry



Vaccinium ovatum
Evergreen Huckleberry



Viburnum x bodnantense 'Dawn'



Viburnum x burkwoodii



Viburnum carlesii
Korean Spice Viburnum



Viburnum davidii
Pere David's Viburnum



Viburnum lantana
Wayfaringtree Viburnum



Viburnum macrocephalum 'Sterile'
Chinese Snowball



Viburnum opulus
Cranberrybush Viburnum



Viburnum opulus
Cranberrybush Viburnum



Viburnum opulus 'Roseum'
Common Snowball



Viburnum plicatum f. *plicatum* 'Kern's Pink'
Japanese Snowball



Viburnum plicatum f. *plicatum* 'Watanabe'
Japanese Snowball



Viburnum plicatum f. *tomentosum*
Doublefile Viburnum



Viburnum plicatum f. *tomentosum*
Summer Snowflake Viburnum



Viburnum rhytidophyllum
Leatherleaf Viburnum



Viburnum tinus 'Spring Bouquet'
Laurustinus



Vinca major 'Variegata'
Dogbane, Greater Periwinkle



Vinca minor cv
Lesser Periwinkle



Vinca minor 'Sterling Silver'
Lesser Periwinkle



Vitex agnus-castus
Chaste Tree



Weigela florida 'Variegata'



Weigela florida 'Wine and Roses'



Wisteria florabunda



Wisteria sinensis



Yucca aloifolia 'Marginata'



Yucca filamentosa



Yucca flacida



Yucca fillifera 'Golden Sword'



Yucca recurvifolia



Zelkova serrata 'Green Vase'
Sawleaf Zelkova