Embreea herrenhusana (Jenny) Jenny

Australian Orchid Review 67(1):13-14.2002

Type:

Colombia, sin. loc., col. HUBEIN, ex cult. Herrenhäuser Gärten Hub.4/76 Typ.1 (holotype G, isotype Herb. Jenny)

Basionym:

Embreea rodigasiana var.herrenhusana Jenny; Australian Orchid Review 66(1):2001.22 - 24

Description:

Plant epiphytic with creeping rhizome and clustered growths. Pseudobulbs rectangular to ovoid, grey-green, quadrate in cross-section 3.5 - 4cm high and 3 - 3.5 cm wide, always unifoliate. Leaves grey-green, petiolate, broadly lanceolate, plicate and acute, 20 - 35 cm long and 12 – 15 cm wide, petiole round and one-sidely notched, 15 - 18 cm long. **Inflorescence** directed downwards from the base of the bulb, up to 25 cm long and always with a single flower. Entire inflorescence covered by large, spread out broadly triangular and acute bracts.

Ovarium to 10 cm long and 0.4 - 0.6 cm in diameter. very finely black pilose. Flowers 12 - 14 cm large in all, sepals and petals creme to light yellow, with dark red and large spots on the inside of the sepals. Lip golden creme to light yellow, covered with fine dark red spots. Column creme to light yellow with red spots.

Dorsal sepal laceolate, concave, acute, 8 – 8.5 cm long and 3.5 - 3.8 cm wide at the broadest part. Lateral sepals lightly asymmetric, broadly lanceolate, acute, 8.5 - 9 cm long and 3.5 - 4 cm wide at the broadest part in the basic third, spreade sideways, connate at the base for 2 cm. **Petals** long-triangular, acute, undulate, 8 – 8.5 cm long and 1.8 - 2 cm wide at the base.

Lip 8 - 8.5 cm long in all and 1.5 cm (hypochile) wide, hypochil only a bit wider than epichil, attached to a narrow and short column foot, flat at base, with round bottom in front, distinctly dented in the middle, opening

Embreea herrenhusana (Jenny) Jenny stat.nov.

Ab Embreea rodigasiana differt pede columnae multo breviore, hypochilio ovali-(non rectangulari), callo medio tridentato (non unidentato).

Basionym; Embreea rodigasiana var. herrenhusana Jenny, Australian Orchid Review 66(1):2001. 22 - 24

Type: Colombia, Choco, col. cult. Hubein s.n., ex Gaerten Herrenhaeuser Hub.4/76 Typ.1 (holotype G & isotype Herb. Jenny)

Description:

Plant epiphytic with creeping rhizome and clustered growths. Pseudobulbs rec tangular to ovoid, grey-green, quadrate in cross-section 3.5 - 4 cm high and 3 - 3.5cm wide, always unifoliate. Leaves greygreen, petiolate, broadly lanceolate, plicate and acute, 20 35 cm long and 12

15 cm wide, petiole round and notched on one-side. 15 - 18 cm long. **Inflorescence** directed downwards from the base of the ending in a callus with three long slun bulb, up to 25 cm long and always with a bristles, outer edge at hypochile shapl single flower. Entire inflorescence cov- triangular at base and not bent. Transition cred by large, spread out broadly triangular and acute bracts. Ovarium to 10 cm in cross-section at the base, ending in from long and 0.4 - 0.6 cm in diameter, very finely black pilose. Flowers 12 - 14 cm base in an elongated tooth. Epichile this large in all, sepals and petals creme to light, and elongated triangular with a distinct yellow, with dark red and large spots on hump near the base. the inside of the sepals. Lip golden creme to light yellow, covered with fine dark red the front half straight and broadly transspots. Column cream to light vellow with lar winged, at the apex ending both site red spots.

Dorsal sepal Ianceolate, concave, protruding small horns. 7.5 – 8 cm long acute, 8 - 8.5 cm long and 3.5 - 3.8 cm and 1.5 - 1.7 cm wide at the broadest ran wide at the broadest part. Lateral sepals on both sides of the pollinarium with: lightly asymmetric, broadly lanceolate, long bristle (0.6 cm). acute, 8.5 - 9 cm long and 3.5 - 4 cm wide at the broadest part in the basic third, row stipes and ovate, our-size, spread sideways, connate at the base for 2 extended viscidium, pollina 0.2 cm log cm. Petals long-triangular, acute, undu- entire pollinarium 0.5 cm long. late, 8 - 8.5 cm long and 1.8 - 2 cm wide

at the base

Lip 8 - 8.5 cm long in all and 15π (hypochile) wide, hypochile only a in wider than epichile, attached to a name column foot, flat at base, with round betorn in front, distinctly dented in the middle, opening short-rectangular, bica long, narrow at base, triangular in from to mesochile smooth. Horns broad and fin in very long, sharp bristles and toward

Column slender and curved at base in of the anther in two triangular, somewhat

Pollinia 2. narrow, club-shaped on na-

First description of Embreea herrenhusana from Australian Orchid Review, 2002



Lateral view of the lips of *Embreea herrenhusana* (left) and *Embreea rodigasiana* (right) (from preserved material)



Ventral view of the lips of *Embreea herrenhusana* (left) and *Embreea rodigasiana* (right) (from preserved material)



Lip of Embreea herrenhusana

short-rectangular, bridge long, narrow at base, triangular in front, ending in a callus with three long, sharp bristles. Outer edge at hypochil sharply triangular at base and not bent. Transition to mesochil smooth. Horns broad and flat in crossection at the base, ending in front in very long, sharp bristles and towards base in a elongated tooth. Epichil thick and elongated triangular with a distinct hump near the base.

Column slender and curved at base, in the front half straight and broadly, triangular winged, at the apex ending both sides of the anther in two triangular, somewhat protruding small horns, 7.5 - 8 cm long and 1.5 - 1.7 cm wide at the broadest part. On both sides of the pollinarium with a long bristle (0.6 cm).

Pollinia 2, narrow, club-shaped on narrow stipes and ovate, one-sidedly extended viscidium, pollinia 0.2 cm long, entire pollinarium 0.5 cm long.

Variability:

We know only a few clones of this species in culture, they are identical in morphology and almost identical in color

General remarks:

Some years ago I received pickled flowers and slides from several clones of Embreea rodigasiana from the famous colletion of the Herrenhäuser Gärten in Hannover. Germany. One of the plants was quite different from the others in the morphology of the lip. It was collected by Günter HUBEIN, a German orchid collector and grower, 1976 in the Choco in Colombia. HUBEIN took quite a number of Embreea rodigasiana back to Germany. Two of those ended in Herrenhausen, one normal Embreea rodigasiana and one of Embreea herrenhusana. obviously both species are growing in the same area. The responsible gardeners in Herrenhausen. Wilfried SCHMIDT and Lothar DOERLITZ have been aware of this aberrant clone for many years. Because only one plant was available, a description as own species was not realistic but since the morphological differences were so clear, I decided to name the plant as Embreea rodigasiana var.herrenhusana in 2001. Shortly after the publication I got material and slides of an identical plant from an entirely different source, collected again in the Choco by Jose PORTILLA, bought in Sttuttgart by DESCHAEVER in 1996 and cultivated later by Jean-Marie VANDERWINDEN in Belgium. Fortunately enough this clone seemed to be easy to grow, several divisions are today in different collections, so in the National Stanhopea collection of Dick HARTLEY in England. After

a second plant was available I decided to lift *Embreea* rodigasiana var.herrenhusana to species rank in 2002.

Fragrance:

It is not absolutely clear but probable that WHITTEN & WILLIAMS had the «real» *Embreea rodigasiana* when they did the fragrance analysis, so we don't have any information about the fragrance of *Embreea herrenhusana*.

Pollinator:

Unknown

Distribution:

Known only from the department of Choco in Colombia, in the Choco sympatric with *Embreea rodigasiana*. Also collected on both sides of the Andes in Southern Ecuador.

Hybrids:

No hybrids have become known or are registrated.

Embreea rodigasiana G-199 Herb.Jenny	Embreea herrenhusana Hubein 4/78 Type 1, G & Herb.Jenny
2.5 cm long	1 cm long
elongated retancular	elongated ovate
with two rectangular wings on both sides of hypochil base	with two rounded wings on both sides of hypochil base, bent inside below hypochile
elongated rectangular	short, rectangular
closed, only on the surface with a triangular deepening	narrow but deeply separated with triangular opening in front
extremely elongated triangular 1 cm × 0.3 cm ending in one bristle	triangular 1.5×0.6 cm divided in three bristles
	G-199 Herb.Jenny 2.5 cm long elongated retancular with two rectangular wings on both sides of hypochil base elongated rectangular closed, only on the surface with a triangular deepening extremely elongated triangular 1 cm × 0.3 cm



Embreea herrenhusana (R. Hartley)



Another clone of Embreea herrenhusana (R. Hartley)



Another clone of Embreea herrenhusana (I. Pape)