

Spain - Spring Flowers of Western Andalusia

Naturetrek Tour Report

13 - 20 March 2018



Ophrys scolopax



Narcissus bulbocodium



Narcissus cantabricus

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Report & photos by Paul Harnes



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Tour participants: Paul Harmes (leader) and eight Naturetrek clients

Day 1

Tuesday 13th March

Fly London Gatwick to Malaga – Transfer to Ronda area

Eight tour group members met with Paul at Gatwick Airport's North Terminal, for the Easyjet flight, EZY8605, to Malaga. Upon our arrival, we made our way to our hire vehicle, in the multi-storey car park.

We left Malaga airport in a north-westerly direction, past the cargo area, via the perimeter road towards El Peron, where we took the A7052 for several miles before joining the A357, Campilos road. We continued north-west, passing the 'white village' of Ardales on our left, and on to the junction with the A367, the Ronda road. Along the way, Spotless Starlings, Barn Swallows, Crested Larks, Griffon Vultures and Short-toed Snake Eagle were seen. After a light snack at the El Meson de Diego venta, we continued on the A367 south, through Cuevas del Becerro, to the outskirts of Ronda, where we joined the A376, Seville road, west for about eight kilometres to our final destination, the Hotel Cortijo Las Piletas, our accommodation for the week. On arrival, we were met by Elisenda, our host, who quickly settled us into our rooms.

At 7.30pm, we met in the lounge, where Paul gave a brief outline of the plans for the next day, before we went into the dining room for dinner.

Day 2

Wednesday 14th March

Grazalema – Sierra del Pinar – Gargante Verde

After a good breakfast, we drove down towards Montejaque, stopping at the Cerro de la Tavizna, to examine some old arable fields and cistus scrub. Here we found a wonder display of *Narcissus flavus*, with several hundred spikes. In addition, there was *Fedia cornucopiae* (Fedia), *Calendula arvensis* (Field Marigold), *Bellis sylvestris* (Southern Daisy) and *Lamium amplexicaule* (Henbit Dead-nettle). In some cistus scrub we found *Himantoglossum robertianum* (Giant Orchid), *Pistacia lentiscus* (Mastic Bush) and last year's dead spikes of *Echium boissieri* (Boissier's Viper's-bugloss), and on an adjacent verge, we added *Ophrys fusca* subsp. *fusca* (Sombre Bee Orchid), *Erodium cicutarium* (Common Stork's-bill) and *Viscum cruciatum* (Red-berried Mistletoe), growing in a *Crataegus monogyna* (Hawthorn). A good number of low-flying Griffon Vultures and some Northern Ravens were also recorded.

Retracing our route back past the hotel to the Seville road, we turned west to a junction, where we turned left again, and made our way towards the village of Grazalema. Along the way we recorded Corn Bunting and Goldfinch. We continued through the town and onwards a short distance, to the car park at the start of our proposed walk in the Sierra del Pinar. As we arrived, a small group of Spanish Ibex were seen on a bank. There were several females and a couple of young males. After parking, some group members went to photograph the Ibex, before setting off on a walk. The cloud was very low, and it had started to rain and sleet quite heavily.

We now began to ascend the path, finding the young leaves of *Ptilostemon hispanicus* (Spanish Thistle) and *Bupleurum spinosum* (Spiny Hare's-ear). The path rose through mixed *Pinus pinaster* (Maritime Pine) and *Pinus halepensis* (Aleppo Pine) forest, mixed with *Quercus coccifera* (Kermes Oak). At this point, Paul decided that the

view at the saddle would be obscured by the low cloud, and given the conditions, we aborted the walk and re-joined our vehicle.

Leaving the car park, we drove on up and over the 'Puerto de las Palomas' (Pass of the Doves), where we began the descent towards Zahara. Along the way, we made a stop on the north side of the Mirador de las Acebuches. Here we admired *Orchis olbiensis* (an Early Purple Orchid), *Astragalus lusitanicus* (a Milk-vetch), *Romulea bulbocodium* (Sand Crocus), and *Viburnum tinus* (Laurustinus).

We now moved on to the car park at the 'Garganta Verde'. Here, we saw *Narcissus assoanus* (Rush-leaved Jonquil) and more *Orchis olbiensis* (an Early Purple Orchid) and *Ophrys tenthredinifera* (Sawfly Orchid) on the road verge, whilst Paul prepared lunch. After eating, we set off along the track. Here we found *Ophrys fusca* subsp. *fusca* (Sombre Bee Orchid), *Ulex parviflorus* (Small-flowered Gorse), *Ceratonia siliqua* (Carob) and *Myrtis communis* (Myrtle). Our objective was a viewpoint overlooking the gorge where, on the cliffs, there is a large population of Griffon Vultures, some of which were sat on rock ledges. *Vinca difformis* (Intermediate Periwinkle), *Olea europaea* (Wild Olive) and the leaves of *Arisarum vulgare* (Friar's Cowl) and *Juniperus phoenicea* (Phoenician Juniper) were also added.

Continuing down towards the hilltop village of Zahara, we made two more stops. The first was a road bank, just south of the village, where we saw more *Vinca difformis* (Intermediate Periwinkle) along with *Himantoglossum robertianum* (Giant Orchid) and an array of colour forms of *Orchis olbiensis*, from dark pink to pure white. The second was a verge, below the walls of the village of Zahara. Here, we added *Ecballium elaterium* (Squirting Cucumber), *Mandragora autumnalis* (Mandrake), in fruit and *Ophrys bombyliflora* (Bumblebee Orchid).

Dodging more rain, we made our final stop on a scrubby bank near Las Mezas. *Aristolochia paucinervis* (a Birthwort), *Ophrys omegaifera* (Omega Bee Orchid), *Salvia verbenaca* (Wild Clary) and *Retama monosperma* (Bridal Veil) were all added. Serins were also very active here.

From here, we set off to our hotel for warming refreshments and to freshen up for dinner. Tonight, we ate in the Bar-Restaurant El Tropezon in the village of Monte Corto, as our hotel closes its kitchen two nights a week.

Day 3

Thursday 15th March

El Burgo – Ardales – El Chorro

Today began wet but, by the time we had completed breakfast, the rain had stopped, and the cloud slowly began to lift. As we travelled, via Ronda, towards the village of El Burgo. We first passed over the Puerto del Viento (Pass of the Wind), stopping a couple of kilometres to the east to see *Iris planifolia* (Flat-leaved Iris). A good number of plants were found, together with *Hornungia petraea* (Hutchinsia), *Viola demetria*, emerging *Paeonia broteroi* (Peony) and several clumps of the endemic *Biscutella frutescens* (Perennial Buckler Mustard). At the base of some rocks, there was *Umbilicus rupestris* (Navelwort) and some *Crataegus monogyna* (Hawthorn) bushes which had been infested with *Viscum cruciatum* (Red-berried Mistletoe). Red-billed Choughs were seen patrolling a distant cliff face, and Southern Grey Shrike was also recorded.

Our second stop of the morning was at the Mirador del Guarda Forestal. Here we saw *Hyacinthoides hispanicus* (Spanish Bluebell), *Clematis cirrhosa* (Virgin's Bower), *Calendula suffruticosa* (a Marigold), *Microthlaspi perfoliata* (Perfoliate Pennycress) and *Asparagus albus* (White Asparagus).

Continuing onwards, we made our way through El Burgo before turning right and on towards Ardales. Along the way, at a short comfort break, we found *Ophrys scolopax* (Woodcock orchid), *Moricandia moricandioides*, *Muscari neglecta*, *Ophrys tenthredinifera* (Sawfly Orchid) and *Pistacia lentiscus* (Mastic Bush). As we continued small flocks of Goldfinch and Serin were seen, as well as a mixed flock of House Martins and Sand Martins.

In Ardales, we added *Nicotiana glauca* (Shrub Tobacco) and *Hyoscyamus albus* (White Henbane). We took the road along the eastern shore of the Embalse del Conde de Guadalhorce reservoir, to our main objective, the 'Mirador de las Embalsas', where three reservoirs meet. Here we parked. An exploration of the *Pinus halepensis* (Aleppo Pine) woodland revealed *Fritillaria lusitanica* (Portuguese Fritillary), *Narcissus cantabricus* (White Hoop-petticoat Daffodil), *Ophrys speculum* (Mirror Orchid), *Romulea ramiflora* (a Sand Crocus), *Anacamptis collina* (Fan-lipped Orchid), *Cistus albidus* (Grey-leaved Cistus), *Dipcadi serotina* (Brown Bluebell) and *Muscari neglectum* (Grape Hyacinth). Birds included Great Tit, Blackbird, Serin and Chaffinch.

After our picnic lunch, in the warm sunshine, we walked a short way down towards the road, exploring the sandstone verges, finding *Rupicapnos africana*, *Ranunculus spicatus* subsp. *blepharicarpos* (Rock Buttercup), *Chaenorbinum villosum*, *Ophrys tenthredinifera* (Sawfly Orchid), *Aristolochia baetica* (a Birthwort) and *Orchis anthropophora* (Man Orchid).

From here we made our way through the gorge to a point just west of El Chorro. Here we explored the verges overlooked by El Caminito del Rey (The King's Little Pathway), finding *Adiantum capillus-veneris* (Maidenhair Fern), *Crambe filiformis* (Thin Sea Kale), *Samolus valerandi* (Brookweed) and the leaves of *Convolvulus altheoides* (Mallow-leaved Bindweed). At this point we made our way to a small café for refreshments. Whilst enjoying our drinks we noted occasional soaring Griffon Vultures and heard Garden Warbler and Blackcap. It was now time to make our way back to Ronda, in time to freshen up for dinner.

Day 4

Friday 16th March

Ubrique and Grazalema

Following another fine breakfast, we set off, once again towards the Parque Natural Sierra de Grazalema, making our way towards Grazalema. Along the way we saw Jay, Corn Buntings and Crested Larks. We made our first stop of the day on the road to the east of Grazalema, finding emerging *Teucrium fruticans* (Shrub Germander), *Quercus suber* (Cork Oak), *Cistus laurifolius* (Laurel-leaved Cistus) and *Quercus faginea* (Beech-leaved Oak).

On the outskirts of Grazalema, we turned onto the A374, in the direction of the small town of Ubrique, making our next stop at the Ejido del Puerto de Pedro Ruiz, to examine a wide, wet road verge. Here we were greeted by a wonderful stand of *Narcissus bulbocodium* (Hoop-petticoat Daffodil). In addition, there was *Centaurea pullata* (a Knapweed), *Romulea bulbocodium* and the rosettes of *Cynara cardunculus* (Cardoon) thistles. House Sparrow and Meadow Pipit were seen as well.

We now moved on a little further to the village of Villaluenga del Rosario, where we parked on the southwest side, to explore the roadside cliffs. *Calendula suffruticosa* (a Marigold), the leaves of *Acanthus mollis* (Bear's-breech), *Ruta chalepensis* (Rue), the endemic *Ornithogalum reverchonii* (Star of Bethlehem), *Narcissus papyraceus* (Paper-white Daffodil) and *Iris planifolia* (Broad-leaved Iris) were all found. There was also a small number of Griffon Vultures circling.

Next, a little further down the road, we stopped at the Mirador El Cintillo y Aguas Nuevas, to look at more limestone cliffs. Here we added *Sedum brevifolium* (Small-leaved Stonecrop), *Himantoglossum robertianum* (Giant Orchid), *Orchis olbiensis*, and a fine display of *Narcissus cuatrecasasii* (Rock Jonquil). Sardinian Warbler, Black Redstart and more Griffon Vultures also put in appearances.

At this point, we began to make our way back towards Grazalema, and the picnic site Areade Descanso de la Covazuela. However, as we were driving, one sharp eyed group member spotted another wet field with *Narcissus* in it. These, again, proved to be a second colony of *Narcissus bulbocodium* (Hoop-petticoat Daffodil).

After lunch, during which we had a hail shower, we made our way to the outskirts of Grazalema, where we parked on the south side of the village. The plan was to explore the broad road verge. A few Red-billed Chough were seen together with Serin, Rock Bunting and Stonechat. Along the verge, we found a good display of *Narcissus papyraceus* (Paper-white Daffodil), *Ophrys tenthredinifera* (Sawfly Orchid) and *Fedia cornucopiae* (Fedia), before heading into the village for refreshments.

Our final stop was near Montecorto, where we looked at another fine display of *Narcissus papyraceus* (Paper-white Daffodil), our third of the day. Here, we also saw *Ophrys fusca* subsp. *fusca* (Sombre Bee Orchid), *Anagyris foetida* (Bean Trefoil) and *Ophrys bombyliflora* (Bumblebee Orchid), before heading back to the hotel

Day 5

Saturday 17th March

Sierra de las Nieves and Ronda

A grey, wet day greeted us and, after breakfast, we headed off in a south-easterly direction, towards San Pedro, and into the Sierra de las Nieves National Park. Our objective was the Los Quejigales recreation area, situated some eight kilometres from the road. The park road took us, initially, through *Quercus* woodland and shrubby scrub below, then on up through a mixture of *Pinus halepensis* and *Pinus pinaster* (Aleppo and Maritime Pine) woodland, before emerging above the tree line into an exposed limestone area. It was in this latter habitat that we made our first stop, finding *Narcissus assoanus* (Rush-leaved Jonquil) and *Orchis olbiensis* (an Early Purple Orchid). Birds here were rather quiet, but Chaffinch, Jay and Mistle Thrush were noted.

Our second stop was close to the Area Recreativa Los Quejigales. This is a wet grassy area which has a good colony of *Narcissus hispanicus* (Long-spathed Daffodil), scattered among small bushes of *Crataegus monogyna* (Hawthorn), festooned with *Viscum cruciatum* (Red-berried Mistletoe) and *Daphne laureola* (Spurge Laurel).

Parking the vehicle at Los Quejigales, in heavy rain, we waited for the cloud to clear long enough for us to see the stand of splendid *Abies pinsapo* (Spanish Fir) scattered across the hillside. Once again, due to the inclement weather, Paul decide to abort the proposed walk, on safety grounds.

We now began to make our way out of the park, but not before taking advantage of brief respites in the rain to photograph the *Narcissus assoanus* (Rush-leaved Jonquil) and *Helleborus foetidus* (Stinking Hellebore).

We drove back to Ronda, parking in the car park on the north side of the town. We then walked down through the pedestrian precinct to the cliff-edge walk. However, the police had closed it due to the adverse weather conditions. After taking lunch in a small restaurant, Paul left us to explore Ronda at our leisure, before collecting us from a pre-arranged spot to return to the Hotel for dinner.

Day 6

Sunday 18th March

El Torcal – Laguna Dulce – Tajo del Molino

After a wet night, we were greeted by continuous heavy rain, and it was still falling when we set off from the hotel, driving back towards Ronda, where we took the road towards Campillos. Crested Larks, Barn Swallows and Raven were seen as we went. We passed through the small village of Teba and turned east joining the main Malaga to Antequera road, and continued eastwards, via Campillos. By now the rain was easing, and there were breaks in the cloud. Passing through Antequera, we made our way up to the summit of El Torcal, the highest point in the El Torcal de Antequera National Park. Low cloud shrouded the area and created a rather atmospheric feeling.

Morning coffee was taken at visitor centre, before we set off for a walk, to explore the 'Karst' limestone structures. Rock Bunting, Robin, Black Redstart and Ring Ouzel were seen along the path. Walking one of the circular tracks, we found *Euphorbia characias* subsp. *characias* (Mediterranean Spurge) and a clump of the endemic *Linaria anticaria* (a Toadflax), sadly not yet flowering. We also saw the leaves of *Saxifraga biternata* (El Torcal Saxifrage), another local endemic, *Himantoglossum robertianum* (Giant Orchid) and *Ruscus aculeatus* (Butcher's-broom) were all noted. The highlight of the morning was an encounter with a group of Spanish Ibex, grazing and browsing close by.

Beginning our journey back towards Ronda, we made a stop at Laguna Dulce, near Campillos. The rain had all but stopped, and the lake, for the first time in three years, had water in it and a good number of bird species. Following lunch, we scanned the lake, recording Greater Flamingo, Shoveler, Coot, Black-necked Grebe, and Marsh Harrier. Around the margins there was Cetti's Warbler, Hoopoe and White Wagtail. On the track verge we found *Nonea vesicaria* (Nonea), *Calendula suffruticosa*, *Platycapnos spicata* and *Erodium malacoides*.

Our last stop of the day was the cutting, hillside and river gorge at Tajo del Molino. The roadside had a number of clumps of the white *Antirrhinum graniticum* (a Snapdragon) and *Asphodelus fistulosus* (Small Asphodel), whilst the hillsides produced *Ophrys tenthredinifera* (Sawfly Orchid) and *Pardoglossum cheirifolium* (a Hound's-tongue). The gorge had Red-billed Chough, Crag Martin, Blackcap and Griffon Vulture.

Tonight, for dinner we visited the Hostel Venta La Vega, just down the road from the Hotel

Day 7

Monday 19th March

Cerro de Tavizna – Montejaque - Cueva de la Pileta

After breakfast, we left the hotel on a cloudy, but bright, morning and drove down towards Montejaque, parking below the Cerro de la Tavizna, to explore a rocky verge. This produced *Orchis olbiensis* (an Early Purple Orchid), *Vinca difformis* (Intermediate Periwinkle), *Saxifraga granulata* (Meadow Saxifrage), *Linaria tristis* (a Toadflax), the rosettes of *Saxifraga globulifera* and *Ranunculus macrophyllus* (Large-leaved Buttercup). Blackcap was heard, and Griffon Vulture and Red-billed Chough were seen.

Moving on to the small town of Montejaque, we took a back road and made our way up to Los Llanos de Libar, in the Sierra de Montalata, known as the hidden valley. A stop by a high cliff produced *Saxifraga bourgaeana*, *Ornithogalum reverchonii* (a Star of Bethlehem), *Narcissus cuatrecasii* (Rock Jonquil) and *Fedia cornucopiae* (Fedia). Blackbird, Great Tit, Barn Swallow, Blackcap and Griffon Vultures were also seen. As it was a bright morning, we set off to walk up the valley, admiring the karst limestone Mountains as they went. Continuing to scan the sky, it was not long before Red-billed Chough, Stonechat, Chaffinch, Rock Bunting and Blue Rock Thrush were added. As we walked, we recorded *Orchis olbiensis* (an Early Purple Orchid), *Erodium primulaeum* (a Stork's-bill), *Clematis cirrhosa* (Maiden's Bower) and *Viscum cruciata* (Red-berried Mistletoe). At the top of the track, Paul parked the bus, where there was another outcrop of rocks, finding *Narcissus cuatrecasii* (Rock Jonquil), at eye level. The cloud had now begun to gather and lower, a steady drizzle began to fall. Re-joining the vehicle, we made our descent. Along the way we saw several Black Wheatears and Rock Buntings, as well as a solitary Cirl Bunting. As it was lunch time, we made our way into Montejaque for something to eat.

After eating, we paused at an arable margin, just outside the town, where we saw *Lathyrus tingitana* (Tangier Pea), *Lathyrus annuus* (Annual Pea) and *Lathyrus chymenum*, before making our way down to Barriada de la Estacion, by Jimera de libar. Here, we explored some roadside woodland. *Cistus albidus* (Grey-leaved Cistus), *Anemone palmata* (a Yellow Anemone) and *Teucrium fruticans* (Shrub Germander) were all present, and Robin and Crested Tit were heard.

The recent inclement weather caused hold-ups in the northerly migration of many large birds. At Barriada, we witnessed a small group of birds that had chosen to make the jump from North Africa. Among them, were several Black Kites, a pair of Booted Eagles, a male Montagu's Harrier and a rare Black-winged Kite.

It was now time to make our way back towards Benaolan, and the car park at the 'Cueva de la Pileta' caves, in order to visit this site of ancient wall paintings, thought to be in the region of thirty thousand years old. We did record *Calycotome villosa* (Prickly Broom), but the now continuous rain restricted further exploration.

With the visit complete, we now made our way back to the hotel in time to pack before dinner.

Day 8

Tuesday 20th March

Transfer from Ronda to Malaga – Fly to UK & other Destinations

After an early breakfast, we said our farewells to Elisenda and Pedro and thanked them and their staff for a wonderful stay in this beautiful area. We set off, in clear skies, and headed for Malaga Airport, making it in good time for our flight back to the UK.

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Iberian Ibex in the mist

Species Lists

Plants (* indicates a plant is endemic; [] = Indicates a plant is introduced/planted)

Please Note: Nomenclature contained within this list follows the taxonomic amendments, based on DNA analysis, made by the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew and the Missouri Botanic Garden, and following The Plant List, an internationally accepted list of vascular plant families, published and maintained by these two Institutions.

Scientific name	Common name	Location
PTERIDOPHYTES		
FERNS & ALLIES		
Lycophytes		
Clubmosses & Quillworts		
Lesser Clubmoss Family		
Selaginellaceae <i>Selaginella denticulata</i>	Mediterranean Clubmoss	Between El Burgo & Ardales
Calamophytes		
Horsetails		
Horsetail Family		
Equisetaceae <i>Equisetum hyemale</i>	Dutch Rush	El Chorro
Leptosporangiate Ferns		
True Ferns		
Spleenwort Family		
Aspleniaceae <i>Asplenium ceterach</i>	Rustyback	Gargante Verde
Polypody Family		
Polypodiaceae <i>Polypodium cambricum</i>	Southern Polypody	Ei Torcal
Ribbon Fern Family		
Pteridaceae <i>Adiantum capillus-veneris</i> <i>Anogramma leptophylla</i> <i>Cheilanthes pteridioides</i>	Maidenhair Fern Jersey Fern Scented Cheilanthes	El Chorro Cueva de la Pileta Mirador Guada Forestal
GYMNOSPERMS		
CONIFERS		
Juniper Family		
Cupressaceae [<i>Cupressus macrocarpa</i>] [<i>Cupressus sempervirens</i>] <i>Juniperus oxycedrus</i> <i>Juniperus phoenicea</i> subsp. <i>phoenicea</i>	Monterey Cypress Italian Cypress Prickly Juniper Phoenician Juniper	Below Grazalema Planted Between El Burgo & Ardales Gargante Verde
Pine Family		
Pinaceae <i>Abies pinsapo</i>	Spanish Fir	Sierra de las Nieves
ANGIOSPERMS		
FLOWERING PLANTS		
Pre-dicots		
Primitive Angiosperms		
Birthwort Family		
Aristolochiaceae <i>Aristolochia baetica</i> <i>Aristolochia paucinervis</i>	a Birthwort a Birthwort	Near El Chorro Las Mezas

Scientific name	Common name	Location
Eu-dicots	True Dicotyledons	
Acanthaceae	Bear's-breech Family	
<i>Acanthus mollis</i>	Bear's-breech	S of Villaluenga del Rosario
Adoxaceae	Moschatel Family	
<i>Viburnum tinus</i>	Laurustinus	Below Mirador de las Acebuches
Anacardiaceae	Sumach Family	
<i>Pistacia lentiscus</i>	Mastic Bush	Gargante Verde
Apiaceae	Carrot Family	
<i>Berula erecta</i>	Lesser Water-parsnip	El Chorro
<i>Bupleurum spinosum</i>	Spiny Hare's-ear	Sierra del Pinar
<i>Ferula communis</i>	Giant Fennel	Common
Apocynaceae	Periwinkle Family	
<i>Nerium oleander</i>	Oleander	Naturalised
<i>Vinca difformis</i>	Intermediate Periwinkle	Gargante Verde
Araliaceae	Ivy Family	
<i>Hedera helix</i> agg.	Ivy	El Torcal
Boraginaceae	Forget-me-not Family	
<i>Borago officinalis</i>	Borage	El Chorro
<i>Cerintho major</i> var. <i>purpurescens</i>	Greater Honeywort	Below Zahara
<i>Cynoglossum clandestinum</i>	a Hound's-tongue	Below Zahara
<i>Echium albicans</i>	-	Near El Chorro (leaves)
<i>Echium boissieri</i>	Boissier's Viper's-bugloss	Common on roadsides
<i>Echium plantagineum</i>	Purple Viper's-bugloss	Common on roadsides
<i>Nonea vesicaria</i>	Nonea	Laguna Dulce
<i>Pardoglossum (Cynoglossum) cheirifolium</i>	a Hound's-tongue	Tajo del Molino
Brassicaceae	Cabbage Family	
<i>Cardamine hirsuta</i>	Hairy Bitter-cress	Near Villaluenga del Rosario
<i>Clypeola jonthlaspi</i>	Clypeola	Tajo del Molino
<i>Crambe filiformis</i>	Thin Sea-kale	El Chorro
<i>Erophila verna</i> subsp. <i>praecox</i>	Whitlow-grass	Between Ronda & El Burgo
<i>Eruca vesicaria</i>	Rocket	Near El Chorro
<i>Hornungia petraea</i>	Hutchinsia	Between Ronda & El Burgo
<i>Iberis</i> sp.	Candytuft	Near El Chorro
<i>Lobularia maritima</i>	Sweet Alison	Mirador Guada Forestal
<i>Microthlaspi (Thlaspi) perfoliatum</i>	Perfoliate Penny-cress	Between Ronda & El Burgo
<i>Moricandia moricandioides</i>	Purple Cabbage	Between El Burgo & Ardales
Cactaceae	Cactus Family	
[<i>Opuntia ficus-indica</i>]	Barbary Fig or Prickly Pear	Planted
Caprifoliaceae	Honeysuckle Family	
<i>Fedia cornucopiae</i>	Fedia	Cerro de la Tavizna
<i>Lonicera arborea</i>	Tree Honeysuckle	El Torcal
<i>Lonicera implexa</i>	-	El Torcal

Scientific name	Common name	Location
Caryophyllaceae	Pink Family	
<i>Cerastium tomentosum</i>	Snow-in-Summer	El Torcal
Cistaceae	Rock-rose Family	
<i>Cistus albidus</i>	Grey-leaved Cistus	Near El Burgo
<i>Cistus laurifolius</i>	-	E of Grazalema (not in flower)
<i>Cistus monspeliensis</i>	Narrow-leaved Cistus	Cerro de la Tavisna (not in flower)
<i>Fumana ericoides</i>	-	Near El Chorro
<i>Tuberaria echioides</i>	a Spotted Rock-rose	Between El Burgo & Ardales
Compositae (Asteraceae)	Daisy Family	
<i>Bellis sylvestris</i>	Southern Daisy	Cerro de la Tavizna
<i>Calendula arvensis</i>	Field Marigold	Cerro de la Tavizna
<i>Calendula suffruticosa</i>	-	Mirador Guada Forestal
<i>Centaurea pullata</i>	-	Las Mezas
<i>Cynara cardunculus</i>	Cardoon	Cerro de la Tavizna
<i>Dittrichia viscosa</i>	Woody Fleabane	Gargante Verde
<i>Glebionis coronarium</i> var. <i>discolor</i>	Crown Daisy	Malaga Airport
<i>Hyoseris radiata</i>	Hyoseris	Gargante Verde (leaves)
<i>Hyoseris scabra</i>	-	Near El Chorro
<i>Phagnalon saxatile</i>	Phagnalon	Near El Chorro
<i>Ptilostemon hispanica</i>	Spanish Thistle	Sierra del Pinar (not in flower)
<i>Reichardia intermedia</i>	Reichardia	El Chorro
<i>Sencio vulgare</i>	Groundsel	Hotel Cortijo Las Piletas
<i>Silybum marianum</i>	Milk Thistle	Cerro de la Tavizna (not in flower)
Convolvulaceae	Bindweed Family	
<i>Convolvulus althaeoides</i>	Mallow-leaved Bindweed	El Chorro (in bud)
Crassulaceae	Stonecrop Family	
<i>Sedum album</i>	White Stonecrop	Between Ronda & El Burgo
<i>Sedum brevifolium</i>	Short-leaved Stonecrop	El Torcal
<i>Sedum sediforme</i>	Large Stonecrop	Near El Chorro
<i>Sedum sexangulare</i>	Tasteless Stonecrop	El Torcal
<i>Umbilicus rupestris</i>	Navelwort	Gargante Verde
Cucurbitaceae	White Bryony Family	
<i>Bryonia dioica</i>	White Bryony	Mirador Guada Forestal
<i>Ecballium elaterium</i>	Squirting Cucumber	Below Zahara
Euphorbiaceae	Spurge Family	
<i>Euphorbia characias</i> subsp. <i>characias</i>	Large Mediterranean Spurge	El Torcal
<i>Euphorbia exigua</i>	Dwarf Spurge	Hotel Cortijo Las Piletas
<i>Euphorbia nicaeensis</i>	-	Tajo del Molino
Fagaceae	Oak & Beech Family	
<i>Quercus coccifera</i>	Kermes Oak	Gargante Verde
<i>Quercus faginea</i>	Beech-leaved Oak	E of Grazalema
<i>Quercus ilex</i>	Holm oak	E of Grazalema
<i>Quercus suber</i>	Cork Oak	E of Grazalema

Scientific name	Common name	Location
Geraniaceae		
<i>Erodium cicutarium</i>	Common Stork's-bill	Cerro de la Tavizna
<i>Erodium malacoides</i>	Mallow-leaved Stork's-bill	Cerro de la Tavizna
<i>Erodium moschatum</i>	Musk Stork's-bill	Hotel Cortijo Las Piletas
<i>Erodium primulaceum</i>	a Stork's-bill	Hidden Valley
<i>Erodium recoderi</i> *	a Stork's-bill	Mirador Guada Forestal
<i>Geranium dissectum</i>	Cut-leaved Crane's-bill	Laguna Dulce
<i>Geranium lucidum</i>	Shiny Crane's-bill	Mirador Guada Forestal
<i>Geranium molle</i>	Dove's-foot Crane's-bill	Below Zahara
<i>Geranium purpureum</i>	Little Robin	Mirador Guada Forestal
Lamiaceae		
<i>Ballota pseudodictamnus</i>	Garden Horehound	Gargante Verde (not in flower)
<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>	Henbit Deadnettle	Cerro de la Tavizna
<i>Lavandula lanata</i> *	Woolly Lavender	Sierra de las Nieves
<i>Lavandula multifida</i>	Cut-leaved Lavender	Near El Chorro
<i>Lavandula stoechas</i> subsp. <i>stoechas</i>	French Lavender	Near El Chorro
<i>Mentha x verticillata</i>	Apple Mint	El Chorro
<i>Phlomis purpurea</i>	Purple Phlomis	Common (not in flower)
<i>Teucrium fruticans</i>	Shrub Germander	Barriada de la Estacion
Leguminosae (Fabaceae)		
<i>Acacia retinodes</i>	Swamp Wattle	N of Malaga
<i>Anagyris foetida</i>	Bean Trefoil	Casas de los Cerrillos
<i>Anthyllis cystoides</i>	Shrub Kidney-vetch	Near El Chorro
<i>Astragalus lusitanicus</i>	a Milk-vetch	Below Mirador de las Acebuches
<i>Bituminaria bituminosa</i>	Pitch Trefoil	Near el Chorro (leaves)
<i>Calycotome villosa</i>	Prickly Broom	Cueva de la Pileta
<i>Ceratonía siliqua</i>	Carob	Gargante Verde
<i>Cytisus baeticus</i>	-	E of Las Mezas
<i>Genista umbellata</i>	-	Tajo del Molino
<i>Lathyrus clymenum</i>	-	Montejaque
<i>Lathyrus tingitanus</i>	Tangier Pea	Montejaque
<i>Spartium junceum</i>	Spanish Broom	N of Malaga
Malvaceae		
<i>Malva sylvestris</i>	Common Mallow	N of Malaga
Myrtaceae		
[<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i>]	River Red Gum	Roadsides
[<i>Eucalyptus globulus</i>]	Tasmanian Blue Gum	Roadsides
[<i>Eucalyptus robusta</i>]	Iron Bark	
<i>Myrtis communis</i>	Myrtle	Gargante Verde
Oleaceae		
<i>Jasminum fruticans</i>	Jasmine	Cueva de la Pileta (not in flower)
<i>Olea europaea</i>	Wild Olive	Gargante Verde
Papaveraceae		
<i>Fumaria capreolata</i>	White Ramping Fumitory	El Chorro
<i>Fumaria muralis</i>	Common Ramping Fumitory	Hidden Valley
<i>Fumaria officinalis</i>	Common Fumitory	El Chorro

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<i>Platycapnos spicatus</i>	-	Laguna Dulce
<i>Rupicapnos africana</i>	-	Near El Chorro
Plantaginaceae	Plantain Family	
<i>Antirrhinum graniticum</i>	a Snapdragon	Tajo del Molino
<i>Chaenorhinum villosum</i>	-	El Chorro
<i>Linaria anticaria</i> *	a Toadflax	El Torcal (not in flower)
<i>Linaria tristis</i>	a Toadflax	Cerro de la Tavizna
<i>Plantago lagopus</i>	Hare's-tail Plantain	Tajo del Molino
Polygalaceae	Milkwort Family	
<i>Polygala rupestris</i>	Rock Milkwort	El Chorro
Polygonaceae	Dock Family	
<i>Rumex scutatus</i>	French or Shield Dock	Tajo del Molino
Primulaceae	Primrose Family	
<i>Samolus valerandi</i>	Brookweed	El Chorro
Ranunculaceae	Buttercup Family	
<i>Anemone palmata</i>	Yellow Anemone	Barriada de la Estacion
<i>Clematis cirrhosa</i>	Virgin's Bower	Common
<i>Ficaria verna</i> subsp. <i>ficariiformis</i>	Lesser Celandine	Near Villaluenga del Rosario
<i>Helleborus foetidus</i>	Stinking Hellebore	Sierra de la Nieves
<i>Ranunculus macrophyllus</i>	Large-leaved Buttercup	Cerro de la Tavizna
<i>Ranunculus spicatus</i> subsp. <i>blepharicarpos</i>	a Buttercup	Near El Chorro
Resedaceae	Mignonette Family	
<i>Reseda alba</i>	White Mignonette	El Chorro
<i>Reseda undata</i> subsp. <i>gayana</i> (<i>R. gayana</i>)	a Mignonette	Hidden Valley
Rhamnaceae	Buckthorn Family	
<i>Rhamnus alaternus</i>	Mediterranean Buckthorn	S of Zahara
<i>Rhamnus lycioides</i> *	Prostrate Buckthorn	S of Zahara
Rosaceae	Rose Family	
<i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	Hawthorn	Sierra de la Nieves
<i>Prunus avium</i>	Wild Cherry	E of Grazlema
[<i>Prunus dulcis</i>]	Almond	Commonly naturalised
<i>Prunus prostrata</i>	Prostrate Plum	Between Ronda & El Burgo
<i>Rubus ulmifolius</i>	Bramble	El Torcal
<i>Sanguisorba minor</i> subsp. <i>minor</i>	Salad Burnet	Gargante Verde
Rubiaceae	Bedstraw Family	
<i>Rubia peregrina</i>	Wild Madder	Gargante Verde
<i>Sherardia arvensis</i>	Field Madder	Below Zahara
Rutaceae	Rue Family	
[<i>Citrus aurantium</i>]	Bitter Orange	Planted
[<i>Citrus limon</i>]	Lemon	Planted
[<i>Citrus sinensis</i>]	Orange	Planted
<i>Ruta montana</i>	Fringed Rue	Near Villaluenga del Rosario

Scientific name	Common name	Location
Santalaceae <i>Viscum cruciatum</i>	Sandalwood Family Red-berried Mistletoe	Cerro de la Tavizna
Saxifragaceae <i>Saxifraga bitemata</i> * <i>Saxifraga bourgaeana</i> * <i>Saxifraga globulifera</i> * <i>Saxifraga granulata</i>	Saxifrage Family El Torcal Saxifrage a Saxifrage - Meadow Saxifrage	El Torcal (leaves) Hidden Valley Cerro de la Tavizna (not in flower) Cerro de la Tavizna
Scrophulariaceae <i>Verbascum giganteum</i>	Figwort Family Giant Mullein	Near Benaolan
Simaroubaceae <i>[Ailanthus altissima]</i>	Tree of Heaven Family Tree of Heaven	Common
Solanaceae <i>Mandragora autumnalis</i> <i>Nicotiana glauca</i> <i>Solanum nigrum</i>	Nightshade Family Mandrake Shrub Tobacco Black Nightshade	Ardales Below Zahara Ardales Cueva de la Pileta
Thymelaeaceae <i>Daphne gnidium</i> <i>Daphne laureola</i>	Daphne Family Mediterranean Mezereon Spurge Laurel	Cerro de la Tavizna (not in flower) Sierra de las Nieves
Urticaceae <i>Parietaria judaica</i> <i>Parietaria officinalis</i> <i>Urtica membranacea</i> <i>Urtica urens</i>	Nettle Family Pellitory-of-the-wall Large Pellitory-of-the-wall Membranous Nettle Small Nettle	Las Mezas El Chorro Gargante Verde Las Mezas
Violaceae <i>Viola demetrei</i>	Violet Family -	Between Ronda & El Burgo

Monocots**Monocotyledons**

Amaryllidaceae <i>Allium ampeloprasum</i> <i>Narcissus assoanus</i> (<i>N. requienii</i>) <i>Narcissus bulbocodium</i> <i>Narcissus hispanicus</i> (<i>N. longispathus</i> , <i>N. bujei</i>) <i>Narcissus cantabricus</i> <i>Narcissus cuatrecasasii</i> * (<i>N. rupicola</i>) <i>Narcissus flavus</i> (<i>N. fernandesii</i>) <i>Narcissus papyraceus</i>	Amaryllis Family Wild Leek Rush-leaved Jonquil Hoop-petticoat Daffodil Long-spathed Daffodil White Hoop-petticoat Daffodil Rock Jonquil - Paper-white Daffodil	Tajo del Molino Gargante Verde Near Villaluenga Sierra de las Nieves Near El Chorro Hidden Valley Cerro de la Tavizna Below Grazalema
Araceae <i>Arisarum vulgare</i> <i>Arum italicum</i> subsp. <i>neglectum</i>	Arum Family Friar's Cow Italian Arum	Below Grazalema Tajo del Molino
Arecaceae <i>Chamærops humilis</i>	Palm Family Dwarf Fan Palm	Gargante Verde

Scientific name	Common name	Location
Asparagaceae	Asparagus Family	
<i>Aphyllanthes monspeliensis</i>	Blue Aphyllanthes	Sierra del Pinar
[<i>Agave americana</i>]	Century Plant	Commonly Naturalised
<i>Asparagus acutifolius</i>	Sharp-leaved Asparagus	Las Mezas
<i>Asparagus albus</i>	White-stemmed Asparagus	Mirador Guada Forestal
<i>Dipcadi serotinum</i>	Brown Bluebell	Near El Chorro
<i>Drimia (Urginea) maritima</i>	Sea Squill	Common
<i>Hyacinthoides hispanica</i>	Spanish Bluebell	Mirador Guada Forestal
<i>Muscari neglectum</i>	Grape Hyacinth	Near El Chorro
<i>Ornithogalum reverchonii</i> *	a Star of Bethlehem	Near Villaluenga del Rosario
<i>Ruscus aculeatus</i>	Butcher's-broom	El Torcal
Cyperaceae	Sedge Family	
<i>Carex halleriana</i>	a Sedge	Gargante Verde
Dioscoreaceae	Black Bryony Family	
<i>Dioscorea (Tamus) communis</i>	Black Bryony	Mirador Guada Forestal
Iridaceae	Iris Family	
<i>Crocus nevadensis</i>	Sierra Nevada Crocus	El Torcal (leaves)
<i>Iris foetidissima</i>	Stinking Iris	El Torcal
<i>Iris planifolia</i>	Broad-leaved Iris	Between Ronda & El Burgo
<i>Moraea sisyrrinchium</i>	Barbary Nut	Near El Chorro
<i>Romulea bulbocodium</i>	a Sand Crocus	Below Mirador de la Acebuches
<i>Romulea ramiflora</i>	a Sand Crocus	Near El Chorro
<i>Romulea ramiflora subsp. gaditana</i>	a Sand Crocus	Hidden Valley
Juncaeae	Rush Family	
<i>Scirpoides holoschoenus</i>	Round-headed Clubrush	Sierra del Pinar
Liliaceae	Lily Family	
<i>Fritillaria lusitanica</i>	Portuguese Fritillary	Near El Chorro
<i>Gagea foliosa</i>	a Yellow Star of Bethlehem	Below Mirador de la Acebuches
<i>Gagea lacaitae</i>	a Yellow Star of Bethlehem	Between El Burgo & Ardales
Orchidaceae	Orchid Family	
<i>Anacamptis collina (Orchis collina)</i>	Fan-lipped orchid	Near El Chorro
<i>Himantoglossum robertianum</i>	Giant Orchid	Cerro de la Tavizna
<i>Ophrys bombyliflora</i>	Bumble Bee Orchid	Below Zahara
<i>Ophrys fusca</i> subsp. <i>fusca</i>	Sombre Bee Orchid	Cerro de la Tavizna
<i>Ophrys omegaifera (O. fusca</i> subsp. <i>omegaifera)</i>	a Sombre Bee Orchid	Las Mezas
<i>Ophrys scolopax</i>	Woodcock Orchid	Between El Burgo & Ardales
<i>Ophrys speculum</i>	Mirror Orchid	Near El Chorro
<i>Ophrys tenthredinifera</i>	Sawfly Orchid	Below Mirador de la Acebuches
<i>Orchis anthropophora</i>	Man Orchid	Near El Chorro
<i>Orchis olbiensis</i>	an Early Purple Orchid	S of Zahara
Poaceae	Grass Family	
<i>Anisantha diandra</i>	Great Brome	Montejaque
<i>Arundo donax</i>	Giant Reed	Common
<i>Hyparrhenia hirta</i>	-	Roadsides

Scientific name	Common name	Location
Smilacaceae <i>Smilax aspera</i>	Smilax Family Common Smilax	Gargante Verde
Typhaceae <i>Typha angustifolia</i>	Reedmace Family Lesser Bulrush	Hidden Valley
Xanthorrhoeaceae <i>Asphodelus aestivus</i> <i>Asphodelus albus</i> <i>Asphodelus fistulosus</i>	Asphodel Family Common Asphodel White Asphodel Small Asphodel	Below Zahara Gargante Verde Tajo del Molino

Birds (✓=recorded but not counted; H = heard only; LO = leader only)

	Common name	Scientific name	March							
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1	Common Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>						✓		
2	Northern Shoveler	<i>Spatula clypeata</i>						✓		
3	Red-legged Partridge	<i>Alectoris rufa</i>		✓						
4	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>						✓		
5	Black-necked Grebe	<i>Podiceps nigricollis</i>						✓		
6	Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>						✓		
7	White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>			✓		✓			
8	Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>							✓	
9	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>							✓	
10	Black-winged Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>							✓	
11	Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	
12	Short-toed Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>	✓			✓			✓	
13	Booted Eagle	<i>Hieraaetus pennatus</i>						LO	✓	
14	Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>						✓		
15	Montagu's Harrier	<i>Circus pygargus</i>						✓	✓	
16	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>							✓	
17	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓			
18	Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>						✓		
19	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>						✓		
20	Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>						✓		
21	Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus michahellis</i>						✓		
22	Rock Dove [Feral]	<i>Columba livia feral</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
23	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	✓		✓			✓	✓	
24	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>						✓		
25	European Green Woodpecker	<i>Picus viridis</i>				H				
26	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	✓			✓		✓	✓	
27	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>				✓				
28	Iberian Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius meridionalis</i>			✓	✓				
29	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>			✓	✓	✓			
30	Red-billed Chough	<i>Pyrhcorax pyrrhcorax</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
31	Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>		✓				✓	✓	
32	European Crested Tit	<i>Lophophanes cristatus</i>							H	
33	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>		H	✓	✓				
34	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>	✓			✓				
35	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>	✓		✓	✓		✓		
36	Eurasian Skylark	<i>Alauda arvensis</i>						H	H	

	Common name	Scientific name	March							
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
37	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>			✓					
38	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓	✓				✓	✓	
39	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>						✓		
40	Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>		✓	✓			✓	✓	
41	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>						✓		
42	Western Bonelli's Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus bonelli</i>				H				
43	Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>	✓	H	✓	✓		H	✓	
44	Garden Warbler	<i>Sylvia borin</i>			H					
45	Sardinian Warbler	<i>Sylvia melanocephala</i>				✓				
46	Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>			H	✓				
47	Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>	✓							
48	Spotless Starling	<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>	✓			✓		✓	✓	
49	Ring Ouzel	<i>Turdus torquatus</i>				H		✓		
50	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
51	Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>				✓	✓	✓		
52	European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>	✓					✓	H	
53	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>	✓			✓		✓	✓	
54	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>		✓		✓		✓	✓	
55	Black Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe leucura</i>							✓	
56	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>							✓	
57	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
58	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>			✓	✓				
59	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>				✓		✓		
60	Meadow Pipit	<i>Anthus pratensis</i>				✓			✓	
61	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
62	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>		✓	✓	✓	H	✓	✓	
63	European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>	H					✓		
64	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>	H	✓	✓	✓				
65	Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>						✓	✓	
66	Corn Bunting	<i>Emberiza calandra</i>		✓	H	✓		✓		
67	Rock Bunting	<i>Emberiza cia</i>				✓	✓	✓	✓	
68	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirlus</i>							✓	

Mammals (S = Signs)

1	Greater Mouse-eared Bat	<i>Myotis myotis</i>							✓	
2	Spanish Ibex	<i>Capra pyrenaica hispanica</i>		✓				✓		
3	Wild Boar	<i>Sus scrofa</i>		S				S		
4	Sika Deer	<i>Cervus nippon</i>							✓	
5	Rabbit	<i>Oryctologus cuniculatus</i>				✓				

Amphibians & Reptiles:

1	Large Psammodromus	<i>Psammodromus algirus</i>			✓					
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Butterflies (C = Caterpillar; B = Bivouac)

2	Small White	<i>Pieris rapae</i>	✓		✓					
3	Western Dappled White	<i>Euchloe crameri</i>			✓	✓				
5	Wall Brown	<i>Lasiommata megera</i>			✓					

	Common name	Scientific name	March						
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19

Macro Moths

1	Pine Processionary Moth	<i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i>		C	B	B	B	B	B	
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Other Invertebrates:

1	a Ground Bug	<i>Lygaeus sp.</i>				✓				
2	Honey Bee	<i>Apis mellifera</i>			✓					
3	Buff-tailed Bumble Bee	<i>Bombus terrestris</i>							✓	
4	Rhino' Dung Beetle	<i>Copris lunaris</i>						✓	✓	
5	Silverfish	<i>Lepisma saccharina</i>						✓		
6	Giant Centipede	<i>Scolopendra cingulatus</i>			✓					
7	Harvestman	<i>Leiobunum sp.</i>			✓					
8	Crab Spider	<i>Thomisus sp.</i>		✓						

Terrestrial Gastropoda:

1	Common Garden Snail	<i>Cornu aspersum (Helix aspersa)</i>				✓				
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